EXTRA

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SIX BLOWN TO ETERNITY

THE DEATH ROLL.

CHARLES WHITE, eldest son of Sheriff White.
GUS KOCH, Constable of Oakland Township.
J. J. LERRI, Deputy Sheriff.
GEO. C. WOODSUM, Deputy Sheriff, Berkeley.
D. C. CAMERON, Deputy Sheriff.
MRS. HILL, of San Francisco.
The murderous Chinese was also killed.

Murderous Chinese Fires the Fuse Works' Magazine.

Held at Bay, He Causes the Explosion Which Kills Five Officers, One Woman and Blows Himself Into Atoms.

This morning at 5:18 o'clock the works of the Western Fuse and Explosives Company at Melrose, east of Fruitvale, were blown to atoms by a Chinese operative, who, after murdering a brother Celestial yesterday, took refuge in the powder magazine of the place. At the hour mentioned he offered to surrender, and when deputy sheriffs went to receive him, he fired the magazine. The explosion blew the murderer and Deputies White, Cameron, Woodsum, Koch and Lerri into eternity. Mrs. Hill of San Francisco was also killed. Forty houses around were wrecked.

Gung Ung Chang, who was employed in the works, had killed Ham Si Sing yesterday afternoon in a quarrel over Chinese lottery tickets. He then defied the officers of the law who went to arrest him.

The murderer fled into the magazine, which contained five tons of giant powder, barricaded the door and threatened to blow up the magazine if any one came to arrest him.

Deputy Sheriff Charles White, son of Sheriff White, in

DEPUTY SHERIFF CHARLES M. WHITE.

charge of a posse, consisting of Constable Gus Koch, Deputy Sheriff George Woodsum, Deputy Sheriff D. C. Cameron, Deputy Sheriff Smith and Deputy Sheriff Manning, Deputy Constable J. J. Lerri, and Deputy Constable Harry Cramer, were on the scene of the shooting shortly after the murder, and kept guard all night over the Chinese, who was within his stronghold. All the officers were armed with rifles.

After repeated demands to surrender had been made, to all of which the same reply came—"If you come in here I will blow up the magazine," the officers retired for the night within the private office of the company about twenty yards away.

This morning at 5 o'clock Deputy Sheriff Chas. White, with several of the others, returned from breakfast and the Chinese said he wanted to talk with him. White spoke to him. The Chinese said he was willing to come out. White and the others approached him, when the explosion took place.

This was at 5:18 o'clock. In an instant a terrific explosion occurred, killing Deputies White, Koch, Woodsum, Cameron, Lerri and Mrs. Sadie Hill, and blowing the Chinese to atoms, so small that few pieces have been found.

Charles White's body was fearfully mutilated. It was found nearly 300 yards away. Gus Koch was also badly disfigured and was killed instantly.

D. C. Cameron was fearfully disfigured, but lived long enough to be taken in the patrol wagon to the hospital, where he died.

Mrs. Hill was visiting a Mrs. Pride, who lived across the street from the magazine. The dead woman lived in San Francisco at the King's Daughters' Home, and was killed in the falling debris of the house, which burned down. All the buildings soon were on fire. The works are completely wrecked. Four houses are also blown down and forty wrecked.

Deputy Sheriff Fred Sherrott and Deputy Sheriff Ed White escaped, but are painfully wounded.

DEPUTY SHERIFF GEORGE C. WOODSUM.

ED. WHITE DESCRIBES THE AWFUL DISASTER.

Deputy Sheriff Ed. White, one of the two men who escaped from the slaughter in a most remarkable manner, told his story to THE TRIBUNE reporter as follows:

"Last night, my brother Al, deputy sheriff; Gus.

DEPUTY SHERIFF J. J. LERRI.

Koch, constable; H. S. Smith, deputy sheriff; J. J. Lerri, deputy sheriff, my father and myself, went out to the magazine in which the Chinese was hiding. They remained till 12 o'clock, and then my brother Charles, deputy sheriff; Cameron and Woodson, deputy sheriffs also went out there and Lerri remained with us. Charles, Lerri and Koch remained in the yard around the magazine and Cameron, myself and Fred Sherrott went on the outside of the yard.

"We remained in those positions, until about 4:30 o'clock this morning when we went into the residence of Constable Stephenson, which is across the street to get breakfast.

"We got breakfast and returned to the magazine

RESCUE OF A WOMAN

Charles Romen also lives directly adjacent. He was blown twenty feet by the concussion, but came up running. Remembering the presence of ladies in the Stephenson house across the street, which was then a pile of debris, he rushed across the street and, crawling in on his stomach, rescued Mrs. Giblin, wife of George Giblin, the High street saloon keeper. She had remained in the house all night. This is the same house wherein Mrs. Hill was killed by the falling timbers.

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Charles, Lerri, Cameron, Woodsum and Koch went into the yard.

"Sherrott and I remained outside the fence only a few feet away.

"The Chinese saw Charles and spoke to him. Charles then asked him if he were hungry. He replied that he was. Charles asked him if he would like to get something to eat. The man said that he would. Charles then asked him when he was going to come out of the magazine. The Chinese replied that he would come out in a couple of days. My brother said that he ought to come out now. 'All right,' I'll come out right away, was the answer.

"Sherrott said to me, 'the Chinaman say she is going to come out.' As soon as Sherrott said that, he and I ran around to the gate to get into the yard, when the explosion took place. I was knocked to the ground and I must have been unconscious some time. Sherrott was also knocked down and injured in the groin.

"I got up dazed and found the whole place in flames.

"I found Cameron's and Koch's remains in the fuse house. All that I could find of my brother Charles was the coat he wore.

"No attempt was made to break in the door to the magazine. That would have been foolhardiness. My father's instructions were simply to watch the man and see that he did not get out, and if he wanted to talk, to talk to him.

"The Chinese who work for the company occupied a long, frame building immediately east of the works. They all left last night.

"We ordered all the people in the neighborhood to move away last night, and most of them did so.

"My father was out at the scene until 10:30 o'clock last night, when he returned to this city."

SHERROTT TELLS OF THE EXPLOSION

One of the most thrilling stories of the fatality is that told by Fred Sherrott of West Oakland, whose escape was simply marvelous.

"I went out there last night with Charlie White, as we were great friends, and I frequently went with him in the discharge of his duties," said Mr. Sherrett to a Tribune reporter. "With the other deputy sheriff, we kept as close to the powder house as we thought advisable. Occasionally one of us would go toward the door and assure the Chinese that we would not hurt him if he came out. The fellow would invariably reply that he would blow up the place if we attempted to take him. Late last night he repeated his threat so often that the people around there believed he would do it, and many of them moved out of their homes. Had they not done so they would now be dead, for their homes are scattered over many acres.

"Before midnight the Chinese shouted to one of his countrymen who was near us for a drink of water. I did not approve of his being given anything, but Charley White permitted a Chinese to carry him a glass of water.

"Billy Moffitt, who was also out there, proposed that the water be doped as the easiest way to effect the arrest. Charley did not approve of this and said that he did not believe it would be long before the fellow would surrender. We hung around all night and just at daybreak Charley White sent a Chinese to tell the felow to come out. He would not do so, but shortly after 5 o'clock he told us he would walk out and give us no more trouble.

"'Come out, Charley, and we will not hurt you,' said White to the Chinese and the fellow said he would do so.

"As soon as the fellow made his appearance at the door of the place Charley White and Gus Koch walked toward him to make the arrest. Ed White and I followed them about eighty feet behind. They were almost at the door when Gung closed it with a bang.

"Less than a second later I was being carried with a cloud of debris and earth swiftly over the ground. My face was cut and my clothes torn and I cannot understand how it happened that I and Ed White were not killed, as some of those killed were farther away than we were.

"I have no doubt that as soon as the door was closed Gung fired his pistol into the powder. This fact, however, must forever remain in doubt, as I did not hear a pistol shot prior to the explosion. This is not surprising, however, for there would not be much of an interval after the shot was fired. When I picked myself up and looked around everything was on fire. I at once started to search for the remains of those whom I knew must have been sacrificed and the first thing I found was an arm of poor Charlie. This was fully two hundred feet from where he was standing when the explosion occurred.

"Little by little we found other fragments, but undoubtedly much of the remains were consumed by the fire.

"Five minutes after the explosion everything was on fire, including a train of box cars. It will be weeks before I shall recover from the frightful shock I received."

Sherrott and Ed White are complete nervous wrecks. They were carried over forty feet by the force of the explosion and thrown violently to the ground.

FELT AT SAN JOSE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 19.—What was supposed to have been an earthquake shock was felt here shortly after 5 o'clock this morning. After the news of the Oakland explosion many persons thought that was the cause. Lick Observatory has not yet reported.

Fisher Recovering.

Dr. C. H. Fisher, who has been seriously ill, was much better yesterday. Dr. H. S. Gateau, who has been attending him, believes he will now recover.

VIVID DESCRIPTION OF THE SCENE.

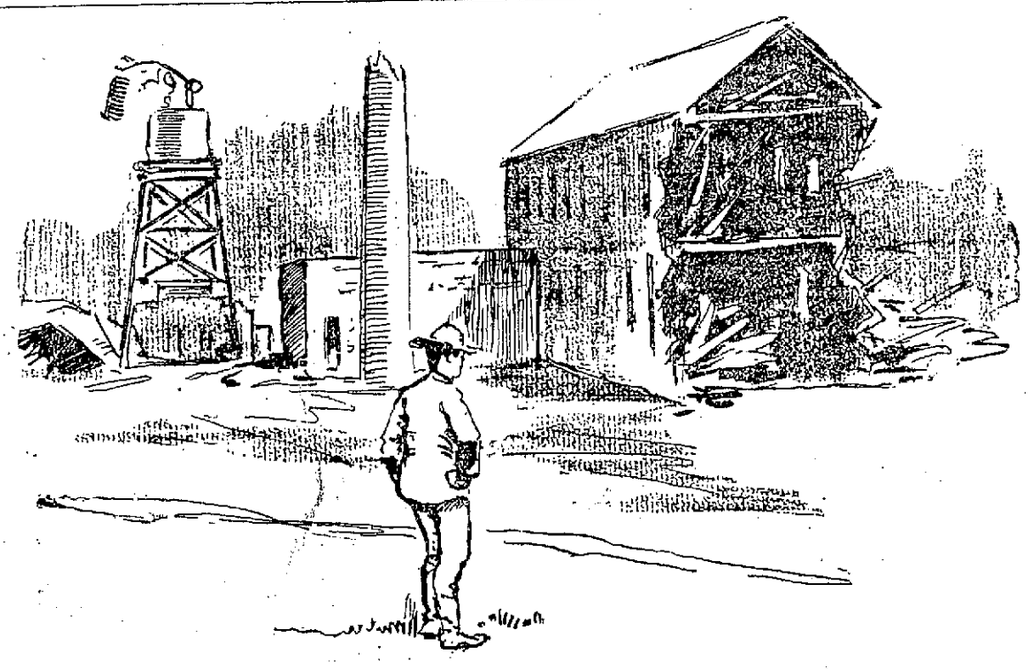
Wreck and ruin mark the site of the works of the Western Fuse and Explosives Company a short distance east of High street, south of the Southern Pacific railroad track, and a short distance from Camp Barrett, in Melrose.

Flames are consuming the remnant of the structures which comprised the institution, and thousands of dollars' worth of paper and cotton cloth are being resolved into dense volumes of smoke, which, like a pall, hangs over the spot, as if in mourning for the victims, the dismembered fragments of the remains of some of whom lie scattered throughout the adjacent fields.

Six victims are known to have been blown into eternity by the explosion of the magazine by the deed of the desperate Chinese, Gung Ung Chang, who last night took refuge from the officers of the law in the magazine of the works, after having shot and hatcheted one of his countrymen, Ham Si Ling, in such a manner that the victim died at the Receiving Hospital at an early hour this morning.

The names of the dead are: Charles White, deputy sheriff and son of Sheriff White of Alameda; Gus Koch, constable of Oakland Township; J. J. Lerri of Oakland, deputy sheriff; George Woodsum of Berkeley, deputy sheriff; D. C. Cameron of Alvarado, deputy sheriff; Mrs. Sadie Hill of the King's Daughters' Home in San Francisco.

The injured are quite numerous but the wounds from which they suffer are only insignificant, because the majority of the residents in the neighborhood, when apprised of the fact that the Chinese had taken shelter in the magazine and threatened to blow it to atoms if an attempt were made to arrest him, left their homes over night and found shelter elsewhere.



WRECKED CORDAGE WORKS, NEAR THE EXPLOSION.

Those who failed to take this precaution, and they were in the main those who resided at what they supposed to have been a safe distance from the scene of danger, were aroused at 5:20 o'clock this morning by a terrific explosion, accompanied by a quaking of their homes and the earth beneath them as if an earthquake were taking place.

But no earthquake which they had ever experienced in this section wrought such havoc in their presence. In every instance the windows of their homes were broken to flinders.

The plaster fell and rattled down from walls and ceiling and the frames of the buildings were wrenched and dislocated, leaving gaping fissures in every side and practically destroying every structure.

In an area of three-quarters of a mile, there is not a single building that has escaped the effect of the explosion. Ther is scarcely a structure that must not be rebuilt, and as the houses were the residences of people in humble circumstances, the loss will fall heavily where it can but be poorly sustained.

The effect of the explosion was not confined to the immediate vicinity of the works. It extended all over the city of Oakland, was felt in the distant parts of Alameda and in the western part of Berkeley, where there are other powder magazines which on other occasions have occasioned a great deal of loss by similar explosions.

In Oakland proper the effect was generally supposed to be that of an earthquake. Buildings rocked for several seconds, the movement seeming to be from west to east. After the buildings had ceased to tremble the ground seemed to continue to quake. Hundreds of people were roused from their early morning slumber and, fearful lest they might be crushed beneath their own homesteads, sought the street, scantily attired in search of safety.

There was no doubt in the minds of the people that they had experienced another earthquake, though they could not account, in such a connection, for the thunderous report which immediately preceded the quake.

After the preliminary exciteple in the heart of town had turned to their homes, in many places, and thought no more about the occurrence, though there were numerous exceptions to this rule. These were in the cases of residents mainly in the eastern part of Oakland and Alameda, where hundreds of panes of glass were shattered and where thousands of dollars have been lost in damages of this kind.

A few minutes after the people in the heart o ftown had been reassured, there came an alarm of fire. The telephones began to ring wildly. The cars which traverse the northern section of the district began to arrive, and by means of these agencies came the true story—that the works of the Western Fuse and Explosives Company had been totally demolished by the murderous Chinese referred to.

The morning papers told of the deed the Celestial had committed, the deadly place in which he had taken shelter, and of the deadly threat he had made, and it was realized that the desperate man had kept his word, and at the cost of a heart-rending loss of life.

There are only two men of the brave posse of Sheriff and township officers who were close witnesses of the details of the tragedy. They are Fred Sherrott and Deputy Sheriff Ed White brother of Charles White, one of the victims. Both of these were on duty with the other officers and within a short distance of the deadly magazine when the explosion took place. That they escaped with their lives is almost miraculous. As it is, however, they were considerably injured and their nerves have been unstrung by the horror of the scene.

When the alarm of fire was sounded in Oakland, another one rang out in Alameda, and from both places fire apparatus were driven with the greatest rapidity to the scene.

From East Oakland, Brooklyn engine and chemical No. 2 responded, but they were unable to do anything because the buildings that could burn had by this time become so enveloped in flames that nothing was left of them but charred frames, and besides, there was no water to be had.

As a consequence the flames ran riot and speedily licked up everything they touched. They had a hard job in reducing the paper and the cotton cloth in the store houses because the bundles of the one and the rolls of the other were packed and rolled so tightly as to make their progress very slow. The destruction in these departments has continued during the day, the storage supplies being reduced to a molten mass of lava-like matter with a glow and intensity of the fuel of Tartarus.

Soon after the news of the tragedy was circulated, it sped with magic rapidity. People in the surrounding country rushed on foot along the highways and across the fields to the scene. The cars on the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards line were loaded from both directions with hurrying and excited persons anxious to see the ruins at the earliest possible moment.

From Camp Barrett, at Sather, ran as many Boys in Blue as could be excused, and as many more as the officers, of their own volition, decided to detail to render such assistance as might be needed in extinguishing the flames or in saving life and property. They were able to do little, however, because the destruction was of so complete a character that nothing short of omnipotence could repair or stay it.

Crowds flocked around the place, went into the shattered homes; looked for the injured without much result, until the attention of some of the men was directed to a train of six box cars which stood on the track to the north of the works. As soon as these cars were sighted some one recalled the fact that in the train yesterday was a car of powder and from that car the powder magazine had been stored with 200 packages of powder, each package containing fifty pounds. This amount had not exhausted the contents of the car. The flames were working dangerously close to the train, and especially to this particular car, which still contained several hundred packages of powder.

For that car, which, strange to relate, had withstood injury from the shock of the explosion, the soldiers made a rush. Already the three cars at the end of the train had not only been stayed in by the concussion, but had taken fire. The sides of three others had similarly collapsed, but had escaped the flames. The cars, including that which contained the powder, were detached from the flaming rolling stock, and with the strong shoulders of many of the boys in blue behind them, were sent rolling at a lively gait down the track out of the reach of danger, a piece of good work not unmixed with a dash of bravery which was deservedly appreciated.

By this time the scene on all sides was surrounded with vehicles containing hundreds of people and the thoroughfares became almost impassable to pedestrians.

The spectacle was anything but inspiring. On every hand one heard the grewsome story of the finding of a structural part of the human anatomy, the individual ownership of which was unknown—the horrible result of dismemberment of the victims.

The most complete wreck, as was to be expected, was the magazine itself. Next to it was the house in which the twenty-four Chinese operatives of the place resided. The inmates had left the place last night, knowing that death awaited them if they remained. Not one of them was visible this morning. There was not a shred of the magazine extant. It

(Continued on page 8.)

Murdered Man's Dying Statement.

The dying statement of the murdered man taken last evening by Deputy District Attorney A. A. Moore, Jr., is as follows:

My name is Ham Si Sing. I live in Alameda. I think and know I am going to die. Gung Ung Chang shot me. He also cut me with a hatchet. That is why I am going to die. I did not try to fight him. This is all true. This was at 3:30 today.

HAM SI SING,
[His X mark]

Ham Si Sing being unable to write.

I have witnessed his mark and attached his signature to this statement

A. A. MOORE, Jr.,
Deputy District Attorney.

MURDER DONE AT WINERY NEAR MOUNTAIN VIEW

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN JOSE, July 19.—Word reached here just before noon to-day that a man had been killed at Boyers' Winery near Mountain View. The word came to the Sheriff and also to the Coroner. No details were given, and none as yet have been obtained. It is supposed to have been a personal difficulty, but a rumor is afloat that it was deliberate murder. Officers and Coroner have gone to the scene.

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VIVID DESCRIPTION OF THE SCENE.

(Continued from page 2.)

had been built of brick, but brick and roof were scattered over the adjoining fields. Where the building had stood was a hole twenty feet deep which the giant powder had excavated, leaving heavy folds of soft black earth to overlap the cavern like the dismantled and overhanging leaves of a sodden land slide.

The adjacent country was deluged with a rain of sparks and dismantled timber and many narrow escapes from injury took place.

The works were owned by the Western Fuse and Explosive Company, the president of which is E. G. Lukens. F. H. Pittman is secretary, the superintendent is H. F. Prindle. The works were built in 1888. There were nine buildings on the ground. Not one remains. The loss is about $200,000.

PRESIDENT LUKENS GIVES HIS VERSION

President Edward G. Lukens of the Western Fuse and Explosives Company was early at the scene of the explosion. He had spent the night in San Francisco in company with his wife. When wired concerning the destruction of his entire works he hastily went to the spot and undertook the management of affairs, directing in the search and detailing a guard to control the excited mob that thronged around the fatal place.

There was no little concern manifested by the very countenance of President Lukens. He felt not so deeply the personal loss of his establishment as the terrible death that had befallen the brave men who attempted to capture the crazy Chinese. In fact Mr. Lukens only upon persuasion would refer to the personal loss sustained by his company. In an interview with a Tribune reporter Mr. Lukens gave the following version of the catastrophe:

"I was informed last evening that a wild Chinese had stowed away in our powder magazine, being pursued by five deputy sheriffs who wanted him for attempt at murder upon a fellow man. They said he had a pistol as well as matches and a slow fuse with which he threatened to blow up the magazine if the officers made a charge upon him. I thought I saw the futility of making aggressive measures upon this mad Mongolian, for I knew something of his character, and was assured that he was desperate and would use little sense about any action he might undertake.

"I therefore warned the deputy sheriffs on guard that they would better be cautious and run no risk of endangering their lives and of blowing up the works, by making a rash movement. Furthermore I ordered every one of our employes to desert their posts until after the man was safely secured. And I warned every resident round about of the existing circumstances and told them that if they remained at their homes they would do so at their own peril. The consequence was that nearly all the people went away for the night. All, I believe, except in the house of Deputy Constable Stevenson, who lives only a hundred feet from the powder magazine. There were three people in that house at the time of the accident.

"Of the actual details of the explosion and its results I only know from hearsay as well as from what I have seen out here. None of our men were lost, because, as I say, they were ordered to leave the premises. By the way, the Chinese barricaded himself in with those deadly casks of explosives, and by the desperate motive ruling him I feared the result.

"It gives me great pain to think of the untimely death of those brave men. This is no time to express any opinion as to the wisdom of their course. I can only grieve with their suffering families and sympathize with their friends. I regret that such a disaster should have happened at our works, for it had always been an open pride of mine that we were practically free from the possibility, and at any rate from the probability of a 'blow-up.'

"As to the company's loss, that will aggregate more than $50,000. The actual value of the buildings, machinery and stock of fuse material was worth this amount. There was not a cent of insurance. The whole works is a complete loss. There will be saved no more than $2,000 worth of fuse, at the most. There is one end of the store house that is not yet burned, and I reckon that the stock therein contained, together with the uninjured machinery, will approximate $2,000.

"Ten thousand pounds of casked powder did the business. We never keep great quantities of explosives in store. This was kegged in fifty and twenty-five pound kegs, of which there were some 275 altogether."

Mr. Lukens was asked as to the future of the company. He stated that the business was profitable and he believed the plant would be restored as soon as possible, although he could not state positively. Mr. Lukens also was unwilling to state as to whether the same old site would again be used, or whether a more remote spot would be chosen.

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STORY OF THE GHASTLY MURDER.

There are conflicting stories as to the cause of the tragedy in which Ham Si Sing lost his life. The friends of the latter say Gung Ung Chang is a desperate highbinder, who would take life on the slightest provocation. The story they tell is as follows:

The murdered man Ham Si Sing had won $48 on a 25 cent seven-spot Chinese lottery ticket in Oakland. Gung Ung Chang claimed a share in the money, and upon Sing's refusal to divide with him, attacked the latter with an ax; after inflicting terrible wounds with that weapon, he ran into the bunk house, secured a pistol and shot the prostrate man in the stomach. The wounds were necessarily fatal and the victim died shortly before 1 o'clock this morning. From the time the surgeons made the first hasty examination of the patient they were satisfied that he could not survive, though everything was done to ease his pain and make him as comfortable as possible. With him during his stay at the hospital were a brother and nephew. They both appeared to be greatly grieved over the fate of their relative.

MUTILATED REMAINS.

The bodies of the dead Deputy Sheriffs were all found within a radius of 300 yards from the magazine. They were scattered in all directions, indicating that the men were approaching the magazine from different sides when the explosion took place.

Deputy Sheriff Charles White's body was fearfully mangled. The back of the body was found 800 yards away, directly south of the magazine. He was identified by means of his club, which was found near by, as well as by his torn clothes. His body was thrown the greatest distance.

Deputy Sheriff D. C. Cameron was blown but 150 feet. When first discovered, life was not extinct. He was found in the limbs of a tree just at the corner of the machine house wherein the fuse was rolled. He had evidently been blown high into the air and alighted in the tree. A sharp limb penetrated his body, and he was there transfixed.

Gus Koch's body was found in the ruins of the fuse factory just seventy-five feet to the west of the magazine. A rifle was beside him, and the body was not torn as badly as the others. Life was extinct when the body was found.

Deputy Sheriff George Woodsum met with a horrible fate. His body was unrecognizable, and it was only identified by means of rings which he wore. Parts of the dismembered body were found at different places, but the main portion landed on the railroad track about 250 yards to the north of the powder magazine. His body was not found until 8 o'clock.

The body of Mrs. Hill was buried beneath the timbers of the Stephenson house that is across the street from the explosive works. During the day fragments of the dead Chinese have been picked up in a dozen different places

Nothing has been heard at noon today of Harry Cramer. Whether he was killed is still a mystery.

FRAGMENTS FOUND.

During the course of the forenoon searching parties occasionally brought in fragments of the mangled men. About a block to the north of the old magazine site, and a hundred feet from the place where Woodsum's body was found was picked up a right hand, an undershirt and an overshirt. Another party found what appeared to be the vertebrae of the dead Chinese. About 9:30 o'clock, in the ruins of a house just across the street from the powder works, was found the left side of a human being. It was partially identified as that of Charles White.

At 11:40 o'clock the body of Joe J. Lerri, Deputy Sheriff, was found near the Stephenson house. Lerri was last seen alive on the porch of that house, and it was speculated that his body might be lying near to it. The search was rewarded by finding his body partly covered by debris about fifty feet away. He was the second person killed in that house.

WRECK OF THE WORKS.

The Western Fuse and Explosives Company's works were one of the most complete things of the kind in this section of the country. They were situated in the immediate vicinity of the old Pacific Cordage Company's works, east of High street, south of the Southern Pacific Railroad tracks in Melrose.

Their location was secluded and there were thousands of people who daily passed them on the road and in the trains who had little knowledge of their existence.

At the same time they did a thriving business, the product being sold not alone in this country but also beyond the seas.

There were nine buildings on the site. The structures in themselves were not elaborate and expensive. They were of an economical style of construction, serving the purposes of the company as well as they would have had they been constructed of granite, and at the same time, they were filled with the most modern of appliances used in the making of fuse.

Where they stood yesterday night, even at 5 o'clock this morning there is nothing now save charred ruins. The loss is complete.

The magazine was built of brick and was about 20x20 feet in dimensions. There was a door on the west side, and this was the entrance which the desperate Chinese barricaded. On the east side there was a small grated window. Not one brick was left upon a brick in this structure. Where its floor had been was a deep cavern in the earth, with jagged rims of soil, the consistency of which had been reduced by the action of the explosives. Of the luckless wight of a Chinese who had wrought such havoc among men and property, not a remnant could be found, save a small section of his queue.

To the west of the magazine was the reeling-house, in which the fuse is wound upon creels, after it has passed through the tar-dipping process, which acts as a protective against the action of the atmosphere. This was a structure about 75 feet in length, filled with furnaces and reels, and its destruction was complete.

North of the dipping section was a mixing plant with intricate machinery, scarcely a wheel of which was left intact.

Still further north was the engine room, only a small part of the main feature of which stood erect, this being the brick coating which encased the boiler.

West of the engine house was a long wooden shed in which were stored a number of boxes and hundreds of bundles of paper which the company intended to use in the shipment of its product.

Adjoining this still further on the north was a corrugated iron building which contained hundreds of tons of cotton cloth in heavy and closely-wound rolls, the value of which will mount up into the thousands. The fire here was so intense that the metallic covering of the place was twisted almost out of recognition. The sheets were bent as if so much thin wire, were loosed from their fastenings and sent flying over the adjacent fields by the force of the explosion.

North of the magazine were heaps of steam coal. This also ignited and added an intensity of heat to the conflagration.

On the easterly line of the inclosure were the living apartments of the workmen, 24 in number, all of whom were Chinese. This was early razed to the ground, and the occupants lost little because they had little to lose, more especially as they took time by the forelock and decamped last night, with all their joshes.

The works were built in 1888 under the present Superintendent. The amount of capital placed in the concern has been variously estimated and one of the attaches stated that he believed the original amount was about $150,000.

The loss is complete, because no insurance was carried, institutions of that kind not being insurable.

PRINDLE'S ESCAPE.

The superintendent of the destroyed works, H. F. Prindle, looked upon the ruins to-day with a feeling of sadness. He had been connected with them from their inception, and in fact, it was under his supervision that they were put up.

He was on the grounds at the time the murderous assault of the Chinese took place. He had seen the victim lying on the ground, writhing under the pain of bullet wounds and ghastly hatchet gashes upon the head. He had learned of the place in which the murderer had taken refuge, and had been informed that the murderer would fire the magazine if his arrest were attempted. He had gone to the place in which the desperado had concealed himself, and through a Chinese interpreter had endeavored to induce the desperate Mongol to come forth from his hiding place.

The only answer Prindle received was an order to retire under pain of being shot to death himself.

Prindle remained on the grounds last night until time to take the last car for his home in East Oakland. During the day he takes his meals in what is known as the superintendent's house, which is located on the grounds seventy-five feet away from the powder magazine. At night he returns to his rooming quarters, 280 East Seventeenth street. Last night, when Mr. Prindle was about to leave the grounds, to which place he had been accompanied by his wife, the latter suggested that they remain in the superintendent's house over night, instead of returning to East Oakland.

Prindle demurred, and husband and wife accordingly left the scene and returned to East Oakland. This fact saved their lives, because there is no greater wreck among the residences than that of the superintendent's house. There is not a window in it intact. The east side of it is torn by a mighty rent made by a number of heavy reels which were projected against it like shells from the battery of a battleship. The west, north, and south walls were torn from their fasterings. Every door has been wrenched from its hinges. Plaster of ceiling and wall has fallen in heaps upon the floor. Furniture has been converted into kindling wood, and the correspondence of Mr. Pringle for years has been scattered through the apartments like so many feathers of a bird.

"In speaking with a Tribune reporter this morning, Mr. Prindle said: "These works were built in 1888. They were built under my supervision. I cannot tell you who compose the company which owns them, but E. G. Lukens is the president; F. H. Pittman is the secretary and I am the Superintendent. The capacity of the Western Fuse and Explosives factory is 50,000,000 feet a year and goes all over the world. There is no insurance because it is not customary to insure such places. I learned of the shooting soon after it occurred. I went to the Chinese while he was in the magazine. I had an interpreter with me. I talked to him from a distance. I tried to coax him out but he wouldn't come. I was told to keep away or else he would use his gun. I was given to understand later that all he wanted was half a chance to get away. I do not know what the deputy sheriffs did this morning. He said to others and to me also that he was liable to do certain sorts of things. I was in hopes that he could be induced to come out peaceably. He was barricaded not behind powder kegs, but kegs of powder."

Just then Deputy Sheriff Moffitt, who had found poor Cameron's handcuffs appeared on the scene. He spoke about the fact that, last night, a Chinese had given the man in the magazine a couple of drinks of water and he had suggested that the water should be doped. "But my suggestion was not acted upon," he said. "I could have spoken to Dr. Shiels about the matter and he would have been willing to have aided in this way."

Prindle said in response that some of the boys last night had wanted to put him asleep then but that he had said no. He had however intended to so fix the matter that the Chinese would be put to sleep today.

The loss on the superintendent's house will be about $2,000.

THRILLING INCIDENTS

Mrs. Hill, the only resident of the region around the scene of the explosion who was killed, had once been taken out of the house she was visiting and ordered to remain away. She however stole back into the house, where she met her fate.

A WILLING WORKER.

Among the most persistent and valuable worker at the scene today was Will Moffitt who is employed with the Contra Costa Water Company. He was these late last evening and again this morning. His suggestions were valuable in locating the bodies, and his labors were untiring in guarding the property of the Company.

BLOWN HALF A MILE.

It is not considered probable that any more remains of the victims will be discovered as a human rib was picked up half a mile from the scene on the railroad track. Other portions are doubtless as far away from the wreckage.

SUICIDE IS BELIEVED.

At 9:25 o'clock this morning Sergeant J. B. Dixon of Company C of the Eighth Volunteers, while hunting through the grounds, found a long dirk knife which was identified by the cousin of the dead Chinese as a weapon carried by him. There were stains on it as of blood. Theorists reason that the murderer stabbed himself after igniting the slow fuse which exploded the magazine.

SOLDIERS AND FIREMEN SQUABBLE.

When the Alameda Fire Department appeared at the scene of the burning buildings at 5:45 A. M., Captain Baldwin of the Woodland Company was on hand. The soldiers aspired to run affairs, and only after a vigorous assertion of their own authority did the Fire Department officials succeed in establishing their exclusive right to conduct their affairs as they pleased.

A NEIGHBOR'S EXPERIENCE.

J. Romer, who lives only 200 feet east of the fuse factory, has a most thrilling experience. He was just going to the barn to milk the cow when suddenly the explosion occurred and completely wrecked his barn. He was blown clear across the yard, with his cow a good second. The barn is completely demolished.

A SOLDIER'S VISION.

Soldiers who were aroused by the great noise of the explosion report that debris and rocks fell all over the camp. One of the guards witnessed the explosion and describes the scene as that of a dense cloud of dust and smoke puffed thousands of feet in the air, through which could be seen dark objects shooting up and dropping. He could see the dead bodies fall to the earth and many thousand pieces of timber and rock.

CHINESE QUEUE SOLD.

About 8 o'clock a small boy found a Chinese queue in an adjoining field, which was evidently blown from the unfortunate Mongolian who caused the explosion. He sold the switch for $1.

FOWLS ARE RESCUED.

A searching party of soldiers this morning hunted through the debris of the Chinese hut which stood a hundred feet to the north of the magazine. Upon rolling away some stones and bricks from the shattered chimney several mutilated chickens which had been imprisoned ran out from under the fallen stones. Their feathers were torn off and bodies slightly cut.

Mrs. John Woods who lived in a cottage next to he Melrose school was reported killed. This rumor has been proven false as Mrs. Woods had gone visiting in Oakland last night and returned late this morning. Her house did not receive very heavy damages and can be easily repaired.

DESTRUCTION EVERYWHERE.

The fearful effect of the explosion may be judged from the fact that all the windows at Mason's drug store on the San Leandro road, three miles from the scene of the explosion, were broken, and other damage done. Many houses in the vicinity also had several windows smashed.

DRUG-STORE WRECKED.

Heagerty's drug-store at San Leandro was very badly wrecked. The windows were shattered and the goods flung from the shelves. The damage is estimated at $500.

CORDAGE WORKS DESTROYED.

The Pacific Cordage Works, which are located on Park street about two hundred feet from the scene of the explosion are completely wrecked in the front half. Roof, walls and large windmill were smashed to pieces, although they stand back a long way from the road.

The Cordage Works have not been in operation for some years, and the damage to the old buildings, though extensive, will not be great financially. There was nobody in the works at the time of the explosion.

MELROSE SCHOOL DEMOLISHED.

The Melrose District School which is situated a block and a half to the northwest of the latter buildings is in a heap of ruins. Only two days ago were the repairs on this building completed in readiness for the opening of the school term next Monday. Not only were the windows blown out, the plastering cracked into atoms, and lamps and books thrown in utter confusion upon the floor, but whole sides of the building blown out, rendering the edifice a tottering mass, unsafe for human habitation. The whole building will have to be reconstructed.

SMASHED CARS.

Directly adjacent to the fuse store house runs a shunted railroad track. There were five box cars on it, which last night were emptied of powder. These were blown to "smithereens." The frames were smashed and the trucks lifted from the rails. The loss will be sustained by the Southern Pacific Company. It is estimated at $5,000.

ESCAPE OF SILVAS

A. J. Silva has a wrecked home, but is a happy man. He lived in a house just across the street from the powder magazine and this morning not one stick is left upon another, but he and his family are safe.

"I am indeed a lucky man," said Silva this morning. "Last night my wife and children and myself, for no particular reason, went to our little ranch to sleep. This morning we returned, and just as we were driving along High street, having come back from Alameda, we saw the explosion, and on looking around we heard the fearful noise and saw our house lifted high in the air and then disappear instantly. It fell a fearful wreck, and had we been in it not one of us would have escaped having all our bones broken, at least."

As Silva told his story on the road in front of the pile of lumber that an hour previously had been his home, he was the most gleeful man in sight.

OFFERED A BRIBE.

The posse under Deputy Sheriff Charles White tried every strategic means to foil the treacherous Chinese last evening, and it was only after they believed such means had been exhausted that they attempted to capture him by surprise at daybreak this morning. Last evening money and food were offered to the man without avail. And the deputies themselves failing to bring the Chinese to terms employed a countryman to converse with him. Ten dollars was used as a bribe, but the Chinese pocketed the money and continued his tactics. Water was given to him to drink at his request, and for many hours the officers waited, hoping he would again ask for a drink, when a different course could be pursued.

MONGOLIAN'S BARRICADE.

The barricade with which Gong Ung protected himself was of the most effective sort. According to President Lukens, who was an eye witness last evening, the man used seven kegs, five of which were fifty-pounders, and two twenty-five pounders. As a foundation he laid a double row of fifty-pound kegs and on these he placed the two twenty-five pounders. These served as a complete protection to the body, and when he desired to communicate with the sheriffs outside, he would stand upon the barricade and peer over a plank which was placed horizontally at the top of the doorway. From this position the man could watch every movement of his assailants and zealously guard his stronghold.

Not only did the barricade serve to prevent the posse from entering the magazine in pursuit of the miscreant, but they dared not even to shoot for fear of striking the casks of powder and thus causing an explosion. As reported by an eye witness, the deputy sheriffs were just tearing down this horizontal plank with a view of forcing an entrance, when the infuriated prisoner touched the fatal match.

WORK OF SOLDIERS.

As soon as the camp was awake, which was less than a second after the explosion, Captain Carrington ordered two companies to the scene under their officers. The soldiers formed a line around the burning ruins, and did splendid work in seeking for the bodies and in putting out the many fires that started in several places immediately after the explosion.

The men who were an guard at the time of the explosion, one of whom was Jake Baumgarten, report that they could see a human body hurled high in the air and carried fully a hundred feet, after which it was deposited in the great mass of debris. A squad of soldiers rushed instantly to the spot, and before the fire reached it, they rescued the still-breathing body of Cameron.

There was some difficulty in identifying him, but this was positively done by means of his overcoat. He was sent to the Receiving Hospital, but died on his arrival there.

To the soldiers is due the immunity from a second explosion, that, however, would not have been so serious as the one initiated by the Chinese.

On the track alongside the powder works were several box cars. Many of these were set on fire by the explosion. During yesterday one of the cars had been partly filled by explosives, and this was made known to some of the soldiers. The car containing the explosives was not on fire, but the flames were fast approaching it. The soldiers saw this, and judging by the alacrity with which the burning cars were uncoupled, there is evidently a brakeman or two among the members of the Eighth Regiment.

Once uncoupled, no time was lost in pushing the six cars to a place of safety. The three that were so thoroughly aflame were left, as nothing could be done to save them, and they burned down to the wheels.

Fire Chief Ball and one engine responded to the alarm that was turned in and the East Oakland engine and company also went to the scene but it was unable to accomplish anything owing to there being no water. The soldiers prevented the conflagration from unnecessary spreading by piling a wrecked iron roof around it and confining the flames.

HOUSES IN THE WRECK

It was not alone, however, houses in the immediate neighborhood of the scene of the disaster that suffered from the bombardment.

The direction of the impact seemed to be from east to west, and as the shock was felt in that direction all over the city and even as far away as Sausalito, the houses in that direction were laid subject to the bombardment.

Fruitvale suffered considerable and among the injuries sustained there were the following:

Home of Mrs. Henry Weatherbee, all the windows broken, and some of the plaster in rooms cracked.

The fine residence of Ed Hall on Fifth avenue in East Oakland lost a large plate glass window in the upper story.

The large north window in Lehnhardt's ice-cream saloon on Twenty-third avenue, near East Fourteenth stree, was shattered into pieces, as were also several panes in the front doors.

The drug-store of A. C. Dibert, at the southwest corner of Twenty-third avenue and East Fourteenth street lost several windows on the Twenty-third avenue side.

On the San Leandro road, several broken panes were sustained in the store of P. H. Blake & Co.

Outside the destruction of the works the other wrecks were as follows:

CLARK STREET.

Cottage of Harry Wilso, shattered and torn.

Home of Mrs. Julia Sullivan, twisted out of shape.

Cottage of Mrs. Mesana, broken roof and sides.

Home of Charles Stephenson, burned to the ground.

Residence of Antone Silva, battered, and in some places dismantled.

House of Henry Johnson, frames loosened and floors warped.

COMMERCE STREET.

Two-story house of Mrs. Margaret O'Connell, knocked out of plumb, interior dismantled.

House of William Park, one side stove in and uprights leaning.

Cottage of J. Hamilton, bereft of doors and windows.

Cottage of John Burke, side injured and ceiling and walls dismantled.

Two-story double house, Pacific Cordage Works, interior destruction and roof at one end raised from its supports.

Two-story residence, George Giblin, windows smashed, frames destroyed, and interior walls in ruins.

HIGH STREET.

Cottage of Joe Fernandes, interior demolished and barn wrecked.

Home of Robert Stephenson, timbers dislocated, sides open.

Melrose school, wreck complete in the interior.

High Street Retreat, windows, doors, and ends shattered.

George Giolin's saloon shaken from its foundation to roof and interior walls and casings shattered.

Cottage of Mrs. Mara, timbers broken, sides out of plumb.

House of Joe Bonner, sides and ends shattered and roof perforated.

HOWARD STREET.

Home of Fred Fisher, rear caved in, and roof raised.

Residence of Henry Sampson, walls bent in and timbers cracked.

House of Harry Sievers, frame twisted.

B STREET.

Cottage of Mrs. Romer, ceiling down, windows broken, timbers wrenched.

Cotage of Runs Larsen, sides down and interior destroyed.

Aside from the specific injuries to the structures above enumerated there was not one of them which escaped with a whole pane of glass.

WHITE IS MOURNED

Charles White, who was the leader of the posse that met death through the dastardly act of a Chinese murderer, was the third son of Sheriff Calvin White. He was born at Bath, Maine, twenty-seven years ago, but came to Oakland when a lad of 12 and finished his education in the public schools of this city. He was a quiet, reserved man, loyal, trustworthy and upright. Prior to his selection as a Deputy Sheriff, he was a motorman on the Eighth street line. After Calvin White's election as Sheriff, the latter appointed his son Charles as chief jailor. In a position liable to be assailed by the public Charles White bore himself in a manner to disarm criticism and to win the warmest praise. The jail was never better conducted than under him. The discipline was good, the prisoners not merely penned in as dangerous animals, but surrounded with influences that tended to uplift and help them. His unswerving loyalty and his keen sense of duty impressed all who met him, and it was to these qualities which have become so closely identified with him. An instance of this was at the time of the riot at the brewers' picnic at Niles, when Charles White alone kept at bay an angry, excited crowd and coolly faced a dozen leveled pistols. It was brave, courageous deeds like this that stamped the character of Charles White and made him loved, honored and respected.

He was placed in charge of the posse last night, for Sheriff White knew that the charge was a serious one. He went to his duty bravely, courageously, not blind to the danger, but cool and clear headed and brave hearted. There was no danger into which he would send his men and not go himself. He weighed everything well, and he did what his duty demanded bravely and uncomplainingly.

Charles White leaves a widow who is little more than a bride. In March, 1897, he married Miss Dollie Rowland, a daughter of George Rowland of the Southern Pacific Company. The two have been wonderfully happy, and Charlie White took special delight in fitting up the rooms in the County Jail which were reserved for the chief jailor and his bride.

Mrs. White was told the sad tidings by Assistant Jailor Lane this morning. Lane tried to break the news gently, but when the young wife realized her loss she was prostrated with grief.

Charles White belonged to no fraternal organization, but possessed the true fraternal spirit to an exceptional degree. Assistant Jailor Lane, who was overcome

(Continued on Page 5.)

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AMUSEMENTS.

Alcazar—"Faust."
Columbia—"Liberty Hall."
Morosco's—"Captain Impudence."
Tivoli—"The Bells of Corneville."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 24—St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance of California.

July 31—Deutscher Krieger Verein of San Francisco, to 11 P. M.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Wednesday, except foggy and cloudy near coast to night; fresh west wind.

TUESDAY................JULY 19, 1898.

From the stock reports—United States 4 per cents steady at 124; Spanish 4's weak at 48. Comparisons are indeed odious.

The members of the White Cross Society have made those of the Red Cross feel blue. Thus do the National colors once more assert themselves in these patriotic times.

"The appearance of yellow fever among the troops around Santiago is a grave feature of the situation," says the San Diego Union. That's so, with the accent on the grave.

The limelight is now to be turned upon General Miles. Porto Rico, though, is scarcely likely to afford him many opportunities for glory and he will have a hard time convincing the people that he is the next legitimate war President.

Spain is said to be stubbornly resisting peace because she thinks we want too much as indemnity. She had better hurry up and accept the situation as it is now, for the longer she delays, the more we will demand. Porto Rico will doubtless be in our possession within the next few days, and then unless she has by that time acknowledged the corn, we will proceed to gather in the Canaries.

The administration is doing right to turn our conquests into sources of revenue as speedily as possible and the returns from the Santiago custom house will doubtless make a tidy little item. Then when Dewey takes possession of Manila and we establish a collector there we will be able to get an idea of why it is that every European nation holds on with a death-grip to its colonial possessions.

The quicker our troops are moved away from Santiago the better, judging by the reports regarding the cases of yellow fever. The authorities are willing to admit that 300 men are down with the dreaded disease, but private report puts the total as high as 1,000. As there is no reason, either, why it should not sweep through the entire army excepting the immunes, it can be seen why prompt and radical action is necessary.

The postponement of Watson's trip assures the safe return home of Camara's fleet for all possibility of heading him off in the Mediterranean is of course now gone. If, however, Watson finally does go, the Spaniards will show good sense if they bottle up their ships themselves in one of their ports, for it is the only way they can save them if the Oregon, Iowa, Massachusetts and other of our big fighters get after them.

One of the best proofs of the loyalty of the volunteer troops is that there are no desertions. It might be supposed that in view of the disgraceful conditions the soldiers quartered at Camp Merritt have been subjected to, many, especially those who had gone straight to the camp from comfortable homes, would tire of the experience and take French leave from Uncle Sam. They are thoroughbreds, though, every one of them, and despite all the unpleasantness they are standing by the flag to a man.

The Garden City is firing an early gun to attract the attention of the Native Sons: "Whenever the Native Sons have held their Admission Day celebration in San Jose they have caused the event to loom up in history," says the Mercury of that city. "They propose this year to excel all previous efforts and to erect a landmark from which the 'oldest inhabitant' of future generations will take this bearings when telling his great-grandchildren of the good old times when he was young."

The new ferry depot is a big success and if the developments of the next few months permit the carrying out of the plans of the Harbor Commissioners we will have a transcontinental terminus as unique as well as as handsome as any in the country. The idea is to construct a bridge from the upper nave of the building across the wide, open space in front and to connect with Market street at the junction of Sacramento. This will enable ladies and children to walk from the upper deck of the boat to the sidewalks of Market street without subjecting them to the dangers of one of the worst crossings in the metropolis.

SACRIFICED THEIR LIVES FOR DUTY.

The tragedy of this mo[illegible] which many brave men sacrificed their lives doing what was pla[illegible] is another chapter of the same history that contains the n[illegible] nd other Americans who have recently come before the world [illegible] comparative value, the lives of three brave officers must appe[illegible] times the value of the wretch for whose capture they were risk[illegible] by the standard of example, the sacrifice is indeed great. It fur[illegible] xample of the contrast between men and cravens. It illustrate[illegible] manity of the one and the treachery of the other. There is indeed [illegible] oble in the lesson taught by the cup of cold water that was give[illegible] derous wretch last night by brave Charley White. Although he was a [illegible] the wretch was thirsty and the humane officer scorned the sugge[illegible] gging the water, believing that the trembling Chinese would thereby be [illegible] ed that no violence would be meted out to him. The demonstration o[illegible] y was lost to the beneficiary and was returned after the manner o[illegible] but memory will never forget, and manhood, wherever it be told, [illegible] er cease to incline the head with reverence when the tale of bravery is [illegible].

CHARLES WHITE, GUS KOCH, J. J. LERRI, GEORGE WOOD[illegible], D. C. CAMERON—Let each brave man's name be spoken with reverence. They did not die attempting to arrest a murderous Chinese; they gave up their lives to that grandest of human traits—obedience to duty. No [illegible] ever fell in a nobler cause, although, perhaps, some have fallen under ci[illegible]cumstances that have seemed to invest the sacrifice with more glory. No one can sacrifice more than life, no matter how great the incentive.

It has been proposed that the honored dead be given a public funeral. The suggestion is a good one. Let every honor be done their memories. The occasion is not an ordinary one. It is in the same category as the stories of Manila and Santiago, and in honoring the remains of brave men a tribute is being paid to that greatest element in the American character without which the Union could not exist for a day.

THE NEW KLONDIKE RUSH.

The lull that has existed so long regarding the Klondike has been banished now that the arteries of travel from the Yukon have opened up again. Despite the stories that from time to time reached here of the marvelous richness of the gold fields, the people were beginning to grow very suspicious of these alluring tales that appeared to have nothing to back them up. The result has been that the Alaskan rush which at one time was figured as being impossible to handle during the summer months, dwindled away almost to nothing, and the expeditions both from San Francisco and the Sound cities were discontinued owing to a sheer lack of patronage.

Now, however, that the lucky prospectors are pouring into the hives of civilization again with the yellow treasures wrested by them from the frozen north there are evidences of a return of that fever that a few months ago gave indications of becoming a craze. Men working for mere living wages down here, that is to say, those employed at rates of from $1 to $4 a day cannot but regard with envy those who have come from the north with more gold as a result of a few months' work than could possibly be amassed here in a life time by a man trying to grow rich by saving money out of his salary.

A new crop of transportation companies can therefore be relied on to put in an appearance, and as during the next thirty days the news columns of the various dailies will give the Klondike region bounteous advertising free of charge, they expect to be soon reveling in another rush similar to that which occurred a few months ago. The Tribune, though, offers to wavering prospectors the same advice that it has given from the start. While it is true that there are parts of the Klondike that are fairly teeming with gold, at the same time there are countless acres of desolate and unproductive soil in which prospectors toil and exhaust their energy in vain. The riches are all in the possession of the fortunate few who located on the pocket claims that brought about all the excitement, and it is safe to assert that of the 15,000 or 20,000 men now on the Klondike, not more than 250 have made anything that approaches a fortune, that is to say, anything over $10,000. As for the others, many are simply eating up the stores they took with them, some are working for wages, while those who are out prospecting in new territory doubtless wish themselves home again.

Under the present conditions the man who has any position here that affords him a comfortable living is a fool to sacrifice it for the purpose of chasing possibilities in the north. The chances are fully one in fifty that a trip up there will be absolutely unrewarded, while as for the suffering and hardship to be encountered, it is enough to make a man hesitate about braving it, even though he know a fortune awaited him by so doing.

Between now and the time for the next session of Congress all the details of the census bill should be carefully thought out. The measure that was before the House recently did not pass and there is consternation in some quarters because it is feared that the postponement to next session will result in the work being started somewhat late. With good men in charge of the bureau, though, and the right kind of system, there will be ample time and those Congressmen who are taking an interest in the subject should see to it that provision is made for a method that will ensure the general results being known within six months and the complete totals inside of two years. The way it was conducted last time savored of a plan to keep the bureau running as long as possible, so as to keep its employees on the pay-roll.

San Francisco is a fruitful field for those who like to delve into the mysterious, for scarcely any tragedy occurs there that does not in some way provide material for the disciples of Sherlock Holmes. The strangling of Mrs. Carpenter is fully on a par with its predecessors in that regard and the detectives are already beginning to talk about its being a case of suicide—that old excuse they always give when they find themselves baffled about a murder. It is ridiculous to suppose, though, that a woman would scratch her own face, pull down her hair, and then tie strips of calico around her throat in a way that would cause suffocation. Such a theory is all the more unlikely in view of the fact that she had over $1,200 in the bank, and was apparently thriving at her guilty trade.

Sagasta said a few days ago that the 100,000 Spanish troops in Cuba would never surrender. The capitulation of Santiago made him swallow one-fourth of his words, and we will have the rest of them ready for him before long.

San Francisco will unquestionably get a very black eye as a result of the unsanitary conditions that have prevailed and are prevailing at Camp Merritt. The soldiers quartered there come from all parts of the country, and the fact that they used $50 worth of stamps at the Red Cross tent in one day alone shows that they are prolific letter writers. Their epistles naturally dwell in the main on their surroundings, and as their comrades are dying off like sheep and going to the hospitals by the hundred, it stands to reason that this "glorious climate of California" will be made to look as if there is a string to it. We must be careful, too, that Oakland doesn't get any of the same kind of record as a result of the gathering at Camp Barrett.

It can be figured as a very sure thing that at least one of the Congressmen seeking re-election in California will not get a chance to return to Washington with a mileage bill, and that one is Congressman Barlow of the Sixth District. It is true that he has already succeeded in securing the Populist nomination—the one that landed him there two years ago—but then he stands in such ill-favor in his district that it is doubtful if his own people would vote for him. The Democrats certainly won't, and unless he is crowded off the ticket on a fusion proposition, the Republican candidate will practically have a walk-over.

Another reminder will do no harm. Don't forget that registration closes August 15th. Every good Republican should see to it that he does not forget his right to vote this November, for we ought to break all the records this year and put Alameda county so far ahead as the Republican banner county that our rivals will quit in despair.

The sooner we get those 24,000 soldiers started for Spain the better. They are all good eaters, and as we have to feed them while they are our prisoners, they make holes in the supplies of our commissariat department at Cuba that are hard to fill again under the circumstances.

One cigar factory in Manila turns out 38,000,000 cigars a year, the annual output for the island being about 160,000,000. If we can hold on to that and also succeed in controlling the Havana crop, Uncle Sam will come pretty close to cornering the cigar trade of the world.

A piano which can be heard six miles away is to be a feature of the Paris Exposition, according to the Santa Cruz Sentinel. Perhaps after all, though, Uncle McPherson, it is only going to be an ordinary piano with a telephonic attachment.

A regiment of naturalized Germans has been tendered the President. What a bitter pill it would be for Kaiser William if they were sent to Manila to checkmate the land-grabbing game he wants to try there.

EQUALIZATION BOARD THROUGH WITH WORK.

No New Applications Were Recieved Before Adjournment Yesterday.

The Board of Equalization finished its work yesterday afternoon. There was very little to do this year, and adjournment was taken promptly at 5 P. M., after a day devoted to very little work.

A reduction from $75,000 to $65,000 and from $25,000 to $10,000 was given on the franchises of the Gas, Light and Heat Company. This is the same reduction that was accorded the company last year. T[illegible]cott was the only one to oppose t[illegible] oposition.

T[illegible]ation of Deputy Assessor Ro[illegible] have certain property of the [illegible] Consolidated Railway Compa[illegible] on the assessment rolls wa[illegible] Similar applications regarding [illegible]mont avenue Railway Com[illegible] Ferry street railway we[illegible] Deputy Robinson and gran[illegible] Board.

E. Black R[illegible] sked that the Board reduce [illegible]sment on the Northern Californi[illegible] ilroad, but as Ryan was not pre[illegible] the Supervisors did not consider [illegible] application.

All other applica[illegible] not substantiated by complainants were also denied.

Mark T. Ashby a[illegible] for a reduction of $800 to $400 on [illegible] Salvation Army barracks on [illegible] street, which he claimed was o[illegible] by Elizabeth T. White. The application was denied.

The minutes w[illegible] and approved and then the [illegible] ourned.

Congregational Church Mortgage

The Golde[illegible] Congregational Church has been granted leave to assume a $700 [illegible] upon its property.

Marita Misfit.

Judge Greene [illegible] a decree of divorce to Wil[illegible] in his suit against Anna [illegible], on the ground of willful deser[illegible].

VICTOR METCALF HAS OPENED HIS ALAMEDA FIGHT.

A Rousing Meeting At Linderman Hall Last Night.

Many Warm Promises of Support of His Candidacy.

CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST IS ON.

Prominent Citizens of the Encinal City Rally Around the Oakland Attorney.

Victor H. Metcalf's [illegible] rallied around his standard [illegible] la last evening at a meeting [illegible] Linderman Opera House and [illegible] nt for a Congressional positio[illegible] given a cordial reception.

Among those present [illegible] meeting were: Col. George [illegible] Babcock, Hon. Wm. Simpson, Dr. [illegible] ale, W. W. Haskill, J. L. F[illegible] A. Randlett, F. E. Browning [illegible] ey, Capt. H. A. Thompson, H. [illegible] T. F. Teller, W. W. Davis, E. [illegible]son, Col. E. D. Bullock, E. B. D[illegible], J. R. Knowland, D. J. Sul[illegible] Clark, R. H. Hamblin, John [illegible] Geo. O'Del, T. G. Daniels, M[illegible] gin, J. B. Lanktree, D. Hic[illegible] Kellogg, Chas. Frost, Geo. Lo[illegible], Phil Kernan, James Ballantine[illegible] Bates, Jr., Geo. Bordwell, Wm. [illegible]man, R. S. Duncan, Joe Mag[illegible] Perata, W. H. Leitch, Max G[illegible] J. W. Jackson, E. H. Wauman, [illegible] Dickinson, Hon. J. N. Young, [illegible] Grath, H. M. Lorber, Capt. J. S. [illegible] ley, A. S. Barker, Pete Perata, [illegible] Battles, Geo. Cornelius, Walt[illegible] beck, Hon. E. R. Wilson, H. [illegible] Stanley Stephenson, E. K. Taylo[illegible] W. Weeks, W. H. Noy, Chas. Me[illegible] Rev. F. D. Bovard, F. H. Gree[illegible] H. Friend and many others.

After the meeting had been cal[illegible] order, Col. Babcock moved tha[illegible] Tisdale be made permanent pres[illegible] and H. Darneal permanent secreta[illegible] the club. The motion carried unanimously.

Dr. Tisdale made a short sp[illegible] thanking the members for the h[illegible] conferred upon him and expressing [illegible] firm conviction that Victor Me[illegible] would be the next Congressman f[illegible] the Third District.

Col. Babcock was then elected vi[illegible] president.

Mr. Metcalf suggested that since t[illegible] club was organized in his behalf th[illegible] he had better serve as treasurer. Th[illegible] suggestion was unanimously adop[illegible] and the Metcalf Republican Clu[illegible] Alameda then had its full corps of [illegible]cers.

Col. Babcock then moved that a[illegible] ecutive committee of five be appo[illegible] by the chair and the officers of [illegible] club should be ex-officio members o[illegible] executive committee. This motion [illegible] with favor and was carried.

Dr. Tisdale then introduced Mr. [illegible] calf, who he said would be the [illegible] Congressman from Alameda coun[illegible] Hilborn had come from a neighb[illegible] county shortly before election [illegible] could not be looked upon as an [illegible] meda county man.

Mr. Metcalf then spoke as follo[illegible]

"Inasmuch as this meeting is [illegible] in my interest, it is proper at thi[illegible] that I should say a few words co[illegible] ing my candidacy. A few month[illegible] I decided to enter the fight for [illegible] gressman. My friends and my ow[illegible] clination lay in that direction. [illegible] time has gone by in the political [illegible] of this State when office seeks t[illegible] cer. According to our Consti[illegible] every man has a right to hold [illegible] seek office with one exception. [illegible] lies with the people to decide.

"At the next Republican conv[illegible] Alameda will have sixty-eight [illegible] gates. All the other counties [illegible] Congressional District combi[illegible] have only forty-three delega[illegible] bined. It takes fifty-six dele[illegible] secure the nomination. If any [illegible] secure all the Alameda deleg[illegible] will have votes to spare.

"I appreciate the greatnes[illegible] office which I seek. I believe [illegible] people of this district shoul[illegible] chance to express their cho[illegible] vocate separate primaries a[illegible] arate Congressional conventi[illegible] told by many that it is [illegible] course but I believe in it, [illegible] lieve that every candida[illegible] be presented directly [illegible] people. Such a course [illegible] my mind clean politics. It [illegible] clean primary. It means [illegible] away with all schemes, all [illegible] all those machinations.

"You all know how the heart [illegible] nation throbbed and thrilled [illegible] news of Dewey's great victo[illegible] us. We thought little the[illegible] cause of the war, but we [illegible] of the great glory that h[illegible] But then again we saw the [illegible] of Cervera's fleet, we saw [illegible] of a new policy. I tell you [illegible] tories mean a great deal [illegible] nation than we think now. [illegible] a great increase in commer[illegible] cantile interests, and grea[illegible] ity to the State and na[illegible] great questions are to be prese[illegible] this next Congress. I pledge [illegible] if I am fortune enough to [illegible] nomination I will try and [illegible] nified position with all my [illegible] and Alameda will have no [illegible] to regret upholding me."

G. A. Bordwell made a [illegible] supporting Metcalf. "I d[illegible] the use of having any meeti[illegible] he "having such a candidat[illegible] Mr. Metcalf. The work will g[illegible] without any meetings. [illegible] of the situation will carry [illegible]

"I agree with Mr. B[illegible] one proposition," said C. L. Tisdale, "and that is that Mr. Metcalf is our next Congressman. But I do not agree with him in the proposition that we do not need to work. I believe we will have to bustle from beginning to end. I have never seen the campaign that was a 'cinch.' Mr. Metcalf is not the only candidate. Mr. Hilborn has friends; he has an organization and he has representatives who are working with untiring vigor. They are piping from county to county that we should not change horses in the stream. We must have a grand President. We must have a Congress to stand by him. We can well afford to change horses when we are exchanging a young charger for an old."

Captain J. H. Hanley made a pointed speech thoroughly typical of the man.

"Nautically speaking, I came up here to get the course and soundings in order to know how to steer this ship of State," said he. "Mr. Hilborn has been about as poor a representative as we could hope for."

Editor Daniels of the Alameda Argus announced that he was a strong supporter of Mr. Metcalf.

"I have known Mr. Metcalf for probably fifteen years," said he. "I am free to say that whatever I can do in my humble way I am willing to do for Mr. Metcalf. I think he would fill the position of Congressman better than any one we have ever had, and I think he will be elected."

"The fact of my being here is sufficient to indicate my preference," said Col. Babcock. "I believe the time has come when we should have a change in our representatives. There is not a precinct in Alameda that can be carried for Mr. Hilborn to-night. We need a man who is up to the present age, not an old fossil, not an old granny, not a man who only does things by telegraph. We need a good lawyer. I have been with Mr. Metcalf continually and I will say to you without any hesitation that Mr. Metcalf stands at the very front of the bar and has a reputation as a thorough, careful lawyer. Nothing can be said against him. He is good and clean."

"I have little to say," said Senator Simpson, "but I will say this, that I have a vote and that vote is going for Victor Metcalf. I can say nothing except what has already been said."

Captain Thompson promised Mr. Metcalf his support.

"I am no public speaker," said he, "and if you want a winded speech you've struck the wrong man, but if it is workers that Mr. Metcalf wants I am ready and one of them."

P. G. Dickinson's speech touched upon the present war crisis.

"There is no question about it, fellow citizens," said he, "that we never saw a time comparable to this—except one time. Then was the time when the family was divided against itself, but to-day we stand the grandest nation in the world. The proudest thought that can cross a man's mind is that he lives under the Stars and Stripes. It should be every man's highest thought to guard his nation's interest."

The meeting closed with three rousing cheers for Metcalf.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. [illegible] not weaken, but have [illegible] 25 cents. The only Pills to take [illegible] Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MORROW'S ASSASSIN IS IDENTIFIED.

Edward Payne, a Murderous Negro, Arrested For the Crime.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The mystery in [illegible] shooting of Walter Morrow in Washington Park Sunday night is [illegible]med by the police to have been [illegible]ved. Edward Payne, a negro janitor has been arrested, charged with [illegible]ng the shot. Miss Foley, who was [illegible] Morrow when he was shot, has [illegible]ntified Payne as the man who did [illegible] shooting. The police think Payne [illegible] the negro who shot Nelson in the [illegible]nous Nelson-Staples affair of a year [illegible]o.

Morrow is almost dead, and it is [illegible]ared he will not rally sufficiently to [illegible]rnish any assistance in the identification of Payne.

Payne was arrested last winter on [illegible] charge of stabbing an Italian fruit [illegible]nder with a pair of scissors. An [illegible]amination of Payne's room revealed [illegible] revolver with one exploded shell. He [illegible]mitted having been in Washington [illegible]ark on Sunday night, saying he was [illegible] of the crowd attracted to the spot [illegible] the sound of the revolver.

JEFFRIES WOULD FIGHT CORBETT.

The Bout Must Go Twenty-five Rounds, as He Might be Outpointed Otherwise.

Billy Delaney is out with an emphatic denial that his championship candidate, Jim Jeffries, is afraid to box Corbett or any one else. To a New York Sun reporter, Delaney said:

"Jeffries is willing to fight any one. He will not fight Jim less than twenty-five rounds, however, for Corbett may possibly outpoint Jeffries in a shorter bout."

Corbett won his renown as a fighter with Delaney behind him. He disregarded Delaney's advice at Carson and lost to Fitzsimmons. Then Delaney took up Jeffries, who has thus far proved a winner.

American Experts for Korea.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

YOKOHAMA, July 19.—The government has notified the powers that the new commercial code went into operation on July 1, and that the civil code became operative on July 16.

It is reported that the United States Minister to Korea, Mr. H. N. Allen, has concluded an agreement at Seoul with the Korean Minister for the engagement of American experts to survey the country with a view to building roads, bridges and other public works.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

A. J. Bertholet is no longer in our employ, and is not authorized to transact any business on our account. STEWART'S COLLECTION OFFICE, 1004 Broadway.

Thibault and the Barnes.

E. F. Thibault (years an expert bicycle repairer) is in business for himself with the agency for the "Barnes" (the white flyer). It would be prudent for bicycle buyers to see his wheel; it would be a pleasant duty for his friends to call at his agency, 375 Twelfth street.

SWEET THOUGHTS

Are sweeter when flavored by the pure candies made by Lehnhardt. At Lehnhardt's can be found all the latest novelties in confections. Our candies are made of the purest materials and contain no deleterious substances. Broadway, near Fourteenth.

A skilled navigator knows that his chart, compass and sextant will guide him with unerring certainty across ten thousand miles of tempest-driven ocean straight to one little speck of an island on the almost boundless waters. With the same unfaltering assurance a skilled and scientific physician seeks for some undiscovered remedy in the wide ocean of *materia medica*.

He knows that when the nature of a disease is once thoroughly understood he has located the latitude and longitude of the remedy; and its ultimate discovery is only a matter of time. It was in this way that Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., was guided to his world-famous "Golden Medical Discovery" for the cure of consumption.

He realized that consumption is a constitutional malady, deep-seated in the blood. He sought and found this marvelous constitutional remedy which renovates and enriches the vital current with nutritious life-giving elements; healing wasted tissues, restoring digestive and assimilative power, and building up healthy flesh and genuine enduring vigor.

In all those debilitating diseases which are caused by imperfect nutrition; this extraordinary "Discovery" is the most perfect alterative remedy and strength-builder known to medical science. It is not a mere temporary stimulous like various malt "extracts." Its good effects are permanent.

Where costiveness is among the prevailing symptoms, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used in conjunction with the "Discovery."

"Dr. Pierce, I am one of your most grateful patients," writes Mrs. Annie M. Norman, of Equinunk, Wayne Co., Pa. "I have taken 'Golden Medical Discovery,' also 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pellets' with wonderful results. I am, as many of my friends tell me, like the dead brought to life. The doctors said I had consumption and death was only a matter of time. That was six years ago. I concluded to try your medicine. I continued until I had taken nine bottles of 'Discovery' and several bottles of 'Pellets.' I got well and have done a great deal of hard work since."

HENNEBERRY ORDINANCE NOT ACTED UPON.

No Quorum Present at the Council Meeting.

No vote was taken on the Henneberry ordinance at the regular meeting of the City Council last evening, as there was no quorum present. The ordinance provides for the reduction of liquor licenses one-half, but its author was not there to defend it. It was stated that he was sick and unable to leave his home.

Earl and Watkinson were absent, as were Girard and Pringle, the two latter being out of town.

The Councilmen present were Brosnahan, Cuvellier, Rowe, Upton, Woodward, and Heitmann.

After waiting twenty minutes for the absentees to appear, the meeting was adjourned.

It is understood that a special meeting of the Council will be called in connection with the Board of Equalization meeting next Monday night. The Council will not transact any business as equalizers on that occasion, as the rolls are not yet ready, so that there will be plenty of time to take up Henneberry's ordinance and the other matters delayed by the failure to get a quorum last night. The Alice-street bridge matter, which had been postponed once before on account of the lack of a quorum, was one of the things which went over again last night.

Over 3,000 Articles 3c Upwards.

Will be displayed on sale at Schellhaas' old store, 408 Eleventh st.

The Theo. Gier Co. are the sole agents of the renowned Eagle Brand of liqueurs and cordials.

Plumbing by Planer

Is done to last. Lowest prices. Prompt attention. Anywhere in Oakland. Call up telephone black-14. 1202 San Pablo.

For fine old Kentucky bourbon and rye whisky, brandies and wines, go to Theo. Gier Co., 512-515 Fourteenth street.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Notice to Contractors.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of Trustees of the Bray School District, Fruitvale, Alameda Co., Calif., notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by said Board until 8 o'clock P. M., July 29th, 1898, for furnishing materials and performing the labor necessary for the erection and completion of an eight room school building in said Bray School District.

Separate proposals will be received and separate contracts made for furnishing the materials and performing the labor necessary for each of the following parts of said building, viz:

(1) For masonry work, including [illegible]cavating, concrete and cement work.
(2) For carpentry, mill work, plas[illegible] and brick work.
(3) For plumbing.
(4) For painting.
(5) For heating and ventilating.

No proposal will be considered u[illegible] accompanied with a check equal to [illegible] cent of the proposal. Said proposals [illegible] be publicly opened July 30th, 1898, [illegible] o'clock P. M., at the school room [illegible] Fruitvale avenue near Wash[illegible] st[illegible] and contracts based thereon [illegible] be entered into as soon thereafter [illegible] practicable. The contractors to w[illegible] contracts are awarded will be required [illegible] file with said Board a good and suffic[illegible] bond to an amount to be fixed by [illegible] Trustees, for the faithful performance [illegible] his contract.

Plans and specifications of said build[illegible] can be seen at the office of D. F. Oliv[illegible] architect, room 59, Macdonough buildi[illegible] Oakland, Cal.

The Board of Trustees reserve [illegible] right to reject any or all proposals mad[illegible]

W. M. AXTELL,
JOHN McARTHUR,
C. F. POWELL.

Trustees Bray School District, Alame[illegible] County, Cal.

AMUSEMENTS

DEWEY OPERA HOUSE.

FORMERLY OAKLAND THEATER

HARRY JACKSON, Manager and Prop.

SATURDAY, JULY 23

and the week to follow, the Latest Dramatic Success, and the first time in this city—

OVER THE SEA

written by MR. HARRY JACKSON and founded on Charles Reade's great novel, entitled

It's Never Too Late to Mend

Introducing Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jackson.

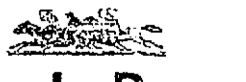
Popular Prices—10c, 20c, 30c

Seats on sale Saturday, July 16th, at Osgood's Drug Store, cor. 7th and Broadway.

In preparation, Charles Dickens' famous play

LITTLE EMILY.

Dashes! Quick Action! No Delays!



Races! Races!

Trotting Horse Breeders' Association

Oakland

JUNE 25th to JULY 23rd inclusive

Best Horses on the Coast are entered. Books and Auction Pools. Admission 50 cents. Races commence at 1:30 o clock.

SPECIAL RATES

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Kansas City -	31.00
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New York - -	42.55
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Two fast trains daily with through sleepers to Chicago without change.

Only one change to New York and Boston.

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THE POLYTECHNIC

Business College

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Shorthand Institute.

Will Open Aug. 1, '98

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A high grade school which will thoroughly equip young men and women to fill positions in any department of commercial activity.

Free Free Free

To those who are interested in obtaining a business education and are sufficiently advanced in the common school branches to be classified, we offer one month's tuition FREE. This is a new school and we wish to give the public an opportunity to investigate before enrolling for a longer period. The pupil who takes advantage of this must arrange to enter not later than August 1. College office open after July 8th. Day and evening session.

UNIVERSITY ACADEMY

Alameda, Cal.

Next term begins August 2, 1898.

YOUNG men thoroughly prepared for college in shortest time possible. Pupils are not obliged to take all the subjects of any particular course. The teaching is efficient, the influences surrounding the pupils are excellent.

W. W. ANDERSON, Principal.

Boone's University School

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P.O. Box 42. P. R. Boone, Berkeley

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60c Per Can

Stove Gasoline 70c per can if taken from the store. Coal Oil guaranteed non-explosive.

SIMONSEN & ESPELAND,

[illegible] St. and Telegraph Ave. Tel. Red 818

FOR GOOD DRINK

Galindo Hotel Bar BOUQUET & FRAME

EIGHTH ST. Bet. Broadway & Franklin

Tel. 2888—Black.

DETAILS OF THE EXPLOSION

(Continued from page 3.)

with grief at the fearful tragedy, spoke of the dead man this morning.

"There was no better man ever lived than Charlie White," said he. "He was a good citizen, a good husband and a loyal friend. His loss can never be fully estimated."

WOODSUM'S CAREER.

George Woodsum was 32 years of age and was a well known resident of Berkeley. He was formerly in the wood and coal business on Dwight way. He became closely identified with Berkeley politics and held several civic offices. He was formerly town clerk of Berkeley, but resigned that positoin to accept a deputyship under County Clerk Jordan. A year ago he left this position and became a deputy sheriff by appointment by Sheriff White. He served at the jail and in the court rooms and was an efficient and thoroughly qualified officer. He was a cool, daring man, with no nervous apprehensions of personal danger and was well qualified to be a peace officer.

Woodsum belonged to two fraternal orders, the Odd Fellows and the Woodmen of the World. He was an enthusiastic yachtsman and hunter and owned a well-built yacht.

His home was at Grove street and Dwight way. He leaves a wife and two children, a boy aged 9 and a girl aged 5. In Peralta Camp, Woodmen of the World, he was insured for $2,000.

GRIEF FOR KOCH.

G. A. Koch was a constable for Oakland Township and was one of the best-known men in Alameda county. He was born in Tuolumne county thirty-three years ago, but when he was a small lad he removed to this city with his parents who located at Temescal and it was at this place that Koch has made his home for the past twenty-five years. Eight or nine years previous to his election as a constable he was employed in Hager's hay and grain store. He was well liked by his employers, and by all who knew him. He ran for office four years ago and was elected to the constablery by a large majority.

As a peace officer he gave general satisfaction. He was brave and coolheaded, and thought nothing of danger when in the discharge of his duties. Many of the criminal class knew Koch and knew him but to fear him. Many difficult cases fell into his hands, and he attended to them with the utmost discretion and cleverness. A man of taciturn disposition, he was withal extremely popular and his followers stood by him very faithfully.

He was quite a sportsman and an enthusiastic yachtsman. He was a member of the Marine Yacht Club of San Francisco. In civic affairs he was intensely interested and did much to promote the good of Temescal, where he resided. He was one of the earliest members of the Temescal Volunteer Fire Department and was always faithful in the attendance on his duties. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and was very popular in the lodge rooms. Since his election to the constablery, Koch has been connected with Judge Clift's court and won many friends there. He was kindly in his treatment of the poor and distressed and yet firm and decided.

Judge Clift held no court today, out of respect to the memory of the dead, and there were no dry eyes in the court-room when the story of Koch's tragic death was told. Deputies Cronin, Weidler, Dowling and Quinlan dwelt with sorrow on the life so quickly, tragically ended in the discharge of duty.

Koch was an unmarried man. His mother is dead, but his aged father still lives at Columbia in the northern part of the State. He was the youngest of the boys, and his three brothers, Fred, Charles and William, all reside in this city. He had two sisters, Mrs. Lizzie Strob of Telegraph avenue near Forty-fourth street and Miss Carrie Koch.

There was a case on the calendar in Judge Clift's court this morning. Deputy District Attorney Moore moved to postpone the trial owing to the grief that had fallen upon the court in the death of Constable Koch. Mr. Moore said that he, too, shared in the general sorrow over the loss of so brave an officer and so loyal a friend. Clarence Crowell, who was the attorney for the defense, sustained Mr. Moore's motion to postpone the trial.

Judge Clift's voice choked with emotion as he made the necessary order. He said that the day was a sad one for him and for the deputies and constables of Oakland township, who had lost a good friend in Constable Koch. Then the Judge touched upon Koch's record as an officer, declaring that he was one of the most faithful officers who had ever sworn to uphold the constitution. He had been honest and upright in the performance of his duty, and his private life was beyond reproach. The Judge then spoke of the personal sorrow that he felt over Koch's death, and there was a sound of stifled sobbing when his words died away. The court was cleared then.

LERRI'S LOSS FELT.

The death of J. J. Lerri leaves eight little children fatherless and a woman mourning for her husband. The blow fell no heavier on any home than on this, for the bread-winner and the father was gone.

Lerri was born at Brooklyn, King's county, New York, November 17, 1854, and was brought to California when he was a four-months'-old baby. His father was Vincent Lerri, a man well known in the early history of California. Lerri's early boyhood was spent in San Francisco, where he learnt the printers' trade. Fifteen years ago he moved to Oakland and commenced business for himself. He established a steam carpet cleaning house at 368 Fourth street, which he has kept open ever since. Five years ago he was appointed a deputy sheriff for humane work chiefly, by W. H. H. Hussey, who was then the incumbent of the office. Lerri had always been a firm Republican, but the appointment was made because the man seemed so well qualified to fill the position. Sheriff White shared the opinion of his predecessor, and did not revoke Lerri's appointment. He was a brave man and was considered one of the best officers in the county.

He belonged to two organizations, the Foresters and the Knights of Pythias, and had held offices in both lodges.

Lerri leaves a wife and eight children, the oldest being Mrs. Alice Slattery of Golden Gate, and the others being, Remi, aged 15; Nona, aged 14; Vinzent, aged 13; Eddie, aged 11; Joe, aged 8; Eugene, aged 14; and George, aged 3. His mother, Mrs. John Miller of Adeline street, also survives him.

Lerri had his life insured for $10,000, and it is believed that both policies have been paid up.

CAMERON'S LIFE.

Daniel Carlyle Cameron, whose life was laid down out at the behest of duty, was a clever, brilliant young man whose home was at Centerville, where he was born thirty-six years ago. Over a year ago Sheriff White appointed him a deputy to serve especially in the court rooms. Cameron removed to Oakland and lived with his uncle, Daniel Stewart, at 738 Ninth street. He won many friends in Oakland, for he had a bright, genial disposition that won friends quickly and the loyalty and integrity that kept them after they were won. The sheriff reposed much confidence in the young man and frequently sent him on expeditions that required coolness, tact and unquestioned bravery. He was a kind man, personally, a man who was fond of his friends and who had a merry word for them all. It was this quality that especially endeared him to all.

Cameron's death leaves an aged father without a son. His father, Ashley Cameron, lives at Centerville, where he owns a ranch. His mother died several years ago. Besides a father, several sisters survive the young man. Mrs. F. Salz of Centerville, Mrs. De McLain of Sacramento, Mrs. Neil, also of Sacramento, and Mrs. Turner of Centerville. Mrs. Turner and Mrs. Salz are camping at La Honda and a telegram has been dispatched to them.

H. CRAMER ESCAPES.

Harry Cramer, a deputy constable under Constable Glaze, is not dead or missing as was first reported this morning. He and six other deputies were relieved from duty last night at 11 o'clock, leaving other deputies on guard.

SCENE AT THE MORGUE

Never was there a sight more gruesome and yet more pathetic than that which presented itself at the morgue today. Grieving friends quietly passed in and out, and others stood in converse, eulogizing the spirit of the brave men who so suddenly were deprived of life. Occasionally one would venture in to take the last earthly view of the mangled remains, but such a one returned with tearful eyes, shocked by the awfulness of the situation.

Back in the inmost recesses of the morgue lie the sparce remains of what were yesterday five esteemed men, a lady and a despised Chinese. Six cold slabs and an unconspicuous box hold them, and seven labeled cards serve as a guide to show the identity of the contents. With the exception of three bodies, there is no resemblance in the remains to any human being. They rather appear as chaotic masses of jellied flesh, bones and rags. The three exceptions are the bodies of Deputy Sheriff D. C. Cameron, Constable Gus Koch and Mrs. Hill. These are fairly recognizable, and the general form of the body is still preserved.

There are two rooms in the morgue that contain the remains. In one are the bodies of Mrs. Hill and D. C. Cameron; in the other are the body of Gus Koch and the fragmentary remains of Charles White, George Woodsum and Joe J. Lerri. In a corner of the same room, thrown in an old box are the pieces of the murderous Chinese.

Mrs. Hill's body bears evidence of immediate death. A huge hole in the right side of the head must have been caused by a death-dealing blow. The ear on that side is torn off, and her right shoulder is jammed out of place. Besides the hundred scars on the face inflicted by flying debris, there is nothing to mar the appearance of her body. Mrs. Hill was a woman about 65 years of age. She was short and slender. Her hair was slightly tinged with gray. The condition of her right side proves conclusively that she was crushed beneath a falling timber.

To the left of the slab, on the slab running parallel to it, lies the dead body of D. C. Cameron. It is easily identified by the bald head and general physique. One side of the body from head to foot is wholly preserved, but the other as far as the shoulder blade is one lacerated and contused mass. Some instrument must have been blown against that side of the body, which tore its way through. The clothes are torn and bloody, the face is slightly burned, and the whole body is scarred and bruised. Over the right eye a gouge has been taken out of the forehead.

In passing to the second room a different and more ghastly scene is exhibited, which evidences the gigantic force of the explosion. On one slab lies all that is material of Charles White and George Woodsum. This spectacle is horrifying. A bundle of mangled members and brown rags are all that remain of Charlie White. The only identification marks are the clothes which he formerly wore.

Close beside is a similar spectacle, smaller in size but more easily identified as part of a human being. This, too, is a mass of flesh and dirt, but in it can be seen a portion of two hands, upon a finger of which is a gold band ring. This ring, together with the scalp and one ear which cling to the remains, as well as a leather belt, form the means of identification.

The remains of Deputy Sheriff Joseph Lerri, are hardly more complete than those of his two comrades who met death with him. There is no head, there are no feet. There is only a twisted form to which hangs the lower joint of a right arm. There is but one finger left on this hand, but that one member served as a proof of his identity. Lerri had one stiff finger which would not close. This was the finger left, and it is proof positive of his identity. Besides there is a fragment of underclothing in the mass and a portion of a blue coat, both of which were worn by Deputy Lerri on his fatal mission.

The body of Gus Koch is the least mutilated of all. With the exception of a swollen face, which bears a pained expression, and several scars, there is no evidence of the latent wound inflicted. The clothes are torn and a slight cut has split the [illegible] indications are that Koch was killed by the shere force of the concussion, or was blown high into the air, alighting upon a comparatively soft spot.

In marked contrast to the care of these bodies, lie unnoticed, the bloody fragments that once composed the body of Gong Ung Chang. They are thrown into a box, and are its despised contents. Piece by piece during the day this pile has been increased, as here and there small bits have been found.

Hundreds of curious people have hung about the morgue all day desiring to enter and view the enclosed remains, but a strict blockade has been maintained except to relatives and near friends.

INQUEST TOMORROW EVENING.

The inquest over the remains will be held tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock at the Morgue.

A BIER IN THE DEBRIS

There was a great deal of regret expressed by the onlookers over the wealth of life which was sacrificed by the demoniacal fury of the Chinese murderer. Hundreds of the people on the grounds knew some of the victims personally, while nearly all of the unfortunates were favorably known to the greater part of the throng by reputation, because they were all men above reproach.

There was mourning also for the poor lady, Mrs. Hill, who was comparatively unknown, and who had lost her life beneath a pile of tottering timbers. She was herself in that period of life when the sands have run very low in the hourglass, and her place of abode in the charitable home of the King's Daughters in San Francisco, where she was hoping to end in peace and quiet the race of life which had been nearly run. The home she was temporarily visiting was razed to the ground, and there was no other place in the vicinity where the remains could be sheltered from the curious gaze of the throng save in another house, which had itself felt the shock of the explosion. That was the residence of Mrs. Sullivan. Mrs. Sullivan found a bier for the dead amid the wreckage of her home. There the poor old body lay in the sleep that knows no waking, her silent and bruised form intensifying the sorrowfulness and desolation on all sides visible.

EXPLODED BY A PLANK

Deputy Constable Stephenson resided across the way from the scene of the disaster.

Before the explosion this morning he was coming out of the rear door of his home. He reached a point whence he could get an indirect view of the magazine. As he looked toward the door of the place he saw what he thought was a plank or timber fall. The next instant the explosion swept the men in front off the face of the earth. Mr. Stephenson says he cannot tell whether or not the plank which he saw fall had been used by the deputies in an attempt to force the door of the magazine.

The fact, however, that the deputies did not try to force the door is attested by Deputy Ed White, who says that no force was used on the barricade.

THE KIND OF POWDER

There was a rumor afloat yesterday evening that Secretary Pittman had said that the powder in the magazine was not explosive; that it was simply fuse powder and was used only to burn. Mr. Pittman, however, denies that he made any such remark but it is understood that there are several people who say that the statement was made.

If the deputies who have lost their lives had been given to understand that the powder was only burning powder it would tend to explain why they went toward the magazine with so much confidence.

FIRE STILL BURNING.

At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, the fire in the storehouse is still raging with a great deal of intensity, and black and white clouds of smoke are intermingling over the scene of the wreck and of death.

The wrecking train of the Southern Pacific is on the scene removing the burned and demolished cars, and repairing the track on which they had stood.

Hair Mattresses

with us are hair mattresses. We call every thing by its right name. Shoddy which is often spoken of is a wool mattress and is nothing more than the old clothes and rags gathered from streets, hospitals, ships, hotels, etc., ground up, often containing germs of disease, is sold only as shoddy by us

We guarantee all our mattresses to contain just what we claim for them. As one-third of your lifetime is spent in bed seek comfort and health in the selection of bedding.

SCHREIBER FURNITURE CO.
Cor. 13th and Franklin.
Opp. Narrow Gauge Depot.

WORKING ON BRAINS.

A Food Specialist Brings Out a Novelty.

A food expert at Battle Creek, Michigan, connected with the Postum Cereal Company, Limited, has produced a food especially intended for rebuilding the brain. It is a well known fact among physicians that examination of perspiration and urine will tell whether the individual has been actively using the brain or not.

Brain work exhausts the phosphates which appear in the excreta above mentioned. Administration of inorganic phosphorus or phosphates does not readily supply the waste, for nature demands that phosphates be made up and blended in food which she furnishes. Advantage has been taken of this knowledge and a scientific selection of part of the grain has been made, and these have been put through mechanical processes parallel to the processes through which food is passed in its management by the human digestive organs. Therefore the new food is not only ready to serve without cooking, but it has passed through the process where the starches have been changed to grape sugar, and that with the proteids, organic phosphates, etc., are at once ready to be quickly absorbed and turned to use in vitalizing and nourishing the parts of the body like brain, solar plexus, and the delicate nerve centers.

The new food has been given the name of Grape-Nuts, and far from being a "Crank's Food," "Invalid's Food," or anything of that sort, it is a crisp, sweet novelty, charming to the athlete, brain worker, epicure, or invalid.

Grape-Nuts can be had of grocers, and a trial dish for breakfast will be found a pleasant experience.

FEDERAL PLUM FOR A CALIFORNIAN.

Robert A. Friedrich Is Appointed United States Marshal For Alaska.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.--The President today made the following appointments: Robert A. Friedrich of California to be United States Marshal for the District of Alaska.

Tsin Ching Chung, interpreter to the United States consulate at Canton, China.

WEATHER AND CROP SUMMARY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—The weather and crop summary compiled by the Bureau of Agriculture for the week ending July 18, is as follows:

Only a trace of rain was reported during the week. The weather has been favorable for ripening fruits. Apricot drying is nearly completed. A sand storm on the 13th caused some damage to ripe fruit in Fresno county." High winds have hurt hay in some localities, and the yield is lighter than was expected. Grain harvesting continues with varying results, the effects of the norther earlier in the season being now apparent. Some localities with wind-breaks will have a larger yield on this account. "A large amount of grain was shelled out and is now on the ground. Grapes promise to make a very large and fine crop. There is little injury yet reported from sunburn. Grasshoppers and vinehoppers are reported in some sections.

CAPTAIN JAMES JOHNSON DEAD.

Captain James Johnson died late yesterday evening at his home in Claremont.

Arrested a Chinese Gambler.

Charley Ling, boss Chinese lottery gambler, was arrested last night at Seventh and Broadway by Policeman Scanlan and taken to the city prison. He was released on a bond later in the night.

N. Y. LING

CHINESE TEA and HERB SANITARIUM

Describes all kinds of Diseases by feeling of the pulse.

Recently from the Pekin China Medical College.

555 SEVENTH ST.,
Bet. Clay and Jefferson Sts. Oakland, Cal.
Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 5, 6 to 9.
CONSULTATION FREE.

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FRANK C. JORDAN
(Present Incumbent)
Candidate for re-election to the office of
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER
(Formerly County Treasurer)
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
COUNTY CLERK
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW
Announces himself a Candidate
—for—
SHERIFF
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

IF YOU WISH

To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from

L. C. BEEM,
New City Market,
S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.
TELEPHONE 251.

ABRAHAMSON BROS. ALTERATION SALE

Is the TALK OF THE TOWN.

Actual Money Saving Sale. Now is the time for Bargains

ABRAHAMSON BROS.
Thirteenth and Washington Sts., OAKLAND, CAL.

Mercantile Enterprise.

The immense addition to be made to the already large dry goods store of Abrahamson Bros. at the southeast corner of Washington and Thirteenth streets speaks louder than words for the enterprise of this well known establishment. This forced development shows that goods properly priced will keep Oakland patronage on this side of the bay. In view of the changes to be made, an Alteration Sale has been inaugurated, during which a great reduction in prices is to be allowed in all lines of goods. When the new improvements are completed the Abrahamson store will be one of the finest establishments of its kind west of Chicago.

The Oakland Grotto

Is a quiet place for gentlemen; finest liquors and cigars; club room; opening on July 30, 1898. Collier & Company, proprietor. Northeast corner of Eighth and Broadway.

"THE CREDIT HOUSE"
Six Stories High

A Divan of graceful design, finished in deep rich mahogany. Upholstering of the durable kind, in silk tapestry, carved back....$7.75

So many uses for small Stands, square top, mahogany finish, turned legs, with shelf......50c

Metal beds are the beds of coolness, of cleanliness and convenience. White enamel, brass trimmings.....$2.75

A sideboard is a step-saver in the household a convenience to hostess and guests. In solid oak.....$9.00

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Moquette Rugs, by their soft texture and pleasing colors, harmonize with their surroundings best. We have them 36x72 inches, for.....$2.75

Half the ground floor is carpets and plenty of room to show them.

Free delivery to Oakland, Alameda and Berkeley.

M. FRIEDMAN & CO.
233-235-237 Post St., S. F.
Near Stockton. OPEN EVENINGS

Standard Groceries

...Are solely sold by us. All kinds of Delicacies, Dairy Produce, Lunch Supplies, Smoked and Spiced fish.

Our Salads are delicious.

MAX C. SCHULZE
LEADING GROCER
911-913 Washington St.
Telephone No. 1100

BANKS.

—THE—

First National Bank of Oakland

Northeast corner Tenth and Broadway.

Capital stock paid up..........$300,000

P. E. BOWLES..........President
G. W. McNEAR..........Vice President
L. G. BURPEE..........Cashier

DIRECTORS—G. W. McNear, E. W. Runyon, W. P. Jones, Wallace Everson, L. C. Morehouse, P. E. Bowles, W. H. Chickering, L. G. Burpee, G. W. McNear Jr.

Principal Correspondents—San Francisco, First National Bank, London, Paris and American Bank L'd, and Bank of California; New York, National Park Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank.

Union National Bank of Oakland

Location, N. W. cor. of Broadway and Twelfth St.

THOMAS PRATHER..........President
HON. J. WEST MARTIN..Vice President
CHARLES E. PALMER..........Cashier
WM. H. HIGH..........Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS.

Hon. J. West Martin, John C. Adams, C. E. Palmer, Edson F. Adams, R. S. Farrelly, Thomas Prather, Shelby F. Martin.

Exchange—Domestic and Foreign at current rates.

CORRESPONDENTS—Chemical National Bank, New York; N. M. Rothschild & Sons, London; Rothschild Freres, Paris; Die Direction de Disconto Gaselschaft, Berlin; Bank of California, First National Bank, Crocker-Woolworth National Bank, San Francisco.

Funds deposited with correspondents paid here.

Oakland Bank of Savings

Cor. Broadway and 12th St.

INCORPORATED 1867.

Authorized Capital	$1,000,000 00
Capital Paid in	480,000 00
Reserve and Contingent Fund	157,583 84
Deposits Dec. 31, 1897	5,210,540 79

OFFICERS.

ISAAC L. REQUA..........President
HENRY ROGERS..........Vice President
W. W. GARTHWAITE..........Cashier
E. C. HAGAR..........Assistant Cashier

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

William R. Davis, James Moffitt, Isaac L. Requa, Arthur A. Smith, E. A. Haines, George H. Collins, Henry Rogers, Horace Davis, William Clift.

General banking business transacted; interest allowed on term deposits; loans on real estate and approved collateral at lowest market rates.

PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS.
SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of California, Anglo-Cal. Bank Ld.
NEW YORK—Laidlaw & Co.
CHICAGO—Continental National Bank.
LONDON—N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.

A Large Burglar and Fireproof
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT
For the Safe Keeping of Valuables. Small Steel Safes for Individual Renters, from $5 to $50 per annum.

Union Savings Bank

CORNER BROADWAY AND NINTH ST.

Transacts a General SAVINGS and COMMERCIAL Business.

Capital Fully Paid,	$ 300,000 00
Reserve Fund,	100,000 00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. West Martin, William G. Henshaw, Thos. Prather, R. S. Farrelly, A. A. Moore, C. E. Palmer, H. W. Meek, Herman A. Tubbs, Thos. Crellin, Shelby F. Martin, F. W. Henshaw.

J. WEST MARTIN..........President
WM. G. HENSHAW..........Vice President
A. E. H. CRAMER..........Cashier

Exchange on Foreign and Eastern cities.
Interest allowed on all savings deposits remaining three calendar months.
No entrance fee.
Remittances from the country may be made by express or checks on banks in San Francisco, and books will be returned.

Central Bank

Broadway and 14th St.
OAKLAND, CAL.

Authorized capital	$1,000,000
Capital fully paid up	300,000
Surplus and undivided profits	75,000

THOMAS CRELLIN..........President
W. G. PALMANTEER..........Vice President
C. R. YATES..........Cashier
J. W. HAVENS..........Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS.

F. K. Shattuck, J. W. Phillips, Thomas Crellin, Geo. D. Metcalf, H. C. Morris, Charles D. Pierce, W. G. Palmanteer, Geo. C. Perkins, L. C. Morehouse, W. S. Phelan, F. Delger

Transacts a general banking business. Interest allowed on term deposits. Loans made on real estate and approved security. Buys and sells exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe. Principal Correspondents—First National Bank, San Francisco; Chase National Bank, New York; Metropolitan National Bank, Chicago; Nebraska National Bank, Omaha.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FOR RENT—Large, sunny furnished room in private family. Apply at 950 West st., two blocks from Market st. station. No children.

HOTELS.

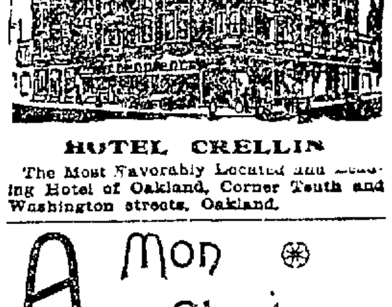
GALINDO HOTEL

Mrs. B. ALLEN, Proprietress
EIGHTH STREET
Bet. Broadway and Franklin. Oakland, Cal.

The Leading and Largest Hotel in Oakland.

Table First-class in every respect. Sample Room for Commercial Travelers. Liberal Terms to Permanent Boarders.

American Plan. Rates—$1.50 and $2.00 Per Day.



HOTEL CRELLIN

The Most Favorably Located and Leading Hotel of Oakland, Corner Tenth and Washington streets, Oakland.

A Mon Chateau

A First-Class Family Resort

Dinners and Banquets to order. Accommodations for private picnics, bicycles parties, etc. Garden with summer houses. Take Piedmont Electric Cars to Pleasant Valley Road.

Summer Resorts

PACIFIC CONGRESS SPRINGS

Santa Clara County.

THREE HOURS FROM S. F. VIA Los Gatos; 6 months round trip ticket, $4, or via Santa Clara, $3.50. New swimming tank, 180x75 feet, and other improvements.

Hot and cold mineral baths.

Climate, scenery and location unequaled.

JOHN S. MATHESON, Manager.

The Place for REST and HEALTH

ORCHARD SPRINGS

In the foothills of the Sierra Nevadas, near Colfax, on C.P.R.R. Plain, quiet retreat, finest scenery, water, mountain air, fruit, and all the year around climate in California. Ideal grounds and surroundings. On R. R., 144 miles from San Fran. $8 a week. Open all year. Send for Booklet. Address: Orchard Springs, Chicago Park, Cal.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING FOR A DELIGHTful and healthful resort for the Summer months for your family, not so remote from town but that you can be with them without neglecting your business.

If you are in search of a good table and comfortable sleeping apartments only 1½ hours' travel from San Francisco with half hourly communication day and evening.

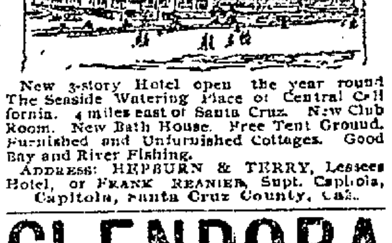
If it is your wish to confine your Summer's outing by a moderate outlay, your attention is directed to HAYWARDS PARK, at the terminus of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway, or

If you are fond of tenting here you will find a large number of commodious platforms arranged convenient to the Hotel Dining Room on one of which you may erect your tent.

A choice musical program is rendered every Sunday afternoon on the verandas of the Club House. The cars of the company run into the Park. The monthly commutation rate is only $5.00, room and board $5.00 per week; board for campers $5 00 per week. Campers and roomers have the same service from attendants.

Address MRS. DORA SHANK, Haywards Club House

CAPITOLA CAPITOLA



New 3-story Hotel open the year round. The Seaside Watering Place of Central California. 4 miles east of Santa Cruz. New Club Room. New Bath House. Free Tent Ground. Furnished and Unfurnished Cottages. Good Bay and River Fishing.

ADDRESS: HEPBURN & TERRY, Lessees Hotel, or FRANK REANIER, Supt. Capitola, Capitola, Santa Cruz County, Cal.

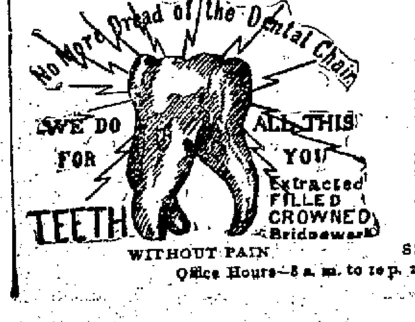
GLENDORA

SANTA CRUZ MOUNTAINS
Box 145 Los Gatos, Cal

Kumyss Beats Sodas and Bromos Knocks Intoxicating Drinks out of sight. Drink it with your meals. Chicago Kumyss Co., has a Depot in Oakland 463 9th. St.

ELECTRO DENTAL CLINIC

809 Market Street, Corner Fourth,
SECOND FLOOR, FLOOD BUILDING, RECEPTION ROOM No. 7
PAINLESS EXTRACTION



CONSULTATION FREE.

OUR SPECIALTY—Crown Bridge Work and PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

The CLINIC is always ahead in Advanced Dental Science. No Students employed.

For the Next 30 Days Our Prices will Be:

FULL SET OF TEETH for	$4 50 up
GOLD CROWNS, 22k	3 50 up
BRIDGE WORK, per tooth	3 50 up
SILVER FILLING	25c up
GOLD FILLING	75c up
CLEANING TEETH	50c up

A Physician Always in Attendance
SKILLED OPERATORS—LADY ATTENDANT
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 10 p. m; Sundays 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.
Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.

One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month.....50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

CASTRO'S TAMALES are first class; furnished banquets and lodges. 817 San Pablo ave.

FURNITURE WANTED — We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1411-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers. Tel. red 423.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

ONE FURNISHED and one unfurnished room in the new, sunny building at 406 Thirteenth, cor. Franklin st.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM with dressing room; good board; first class location; for one or two persons; special rates for two persons. 1356 Harrison st.

FURNISHED ROOMS—One or more for housekeeping. 1119 Jefferson, opposite Metropole.

ROOMS AND OFFICES—Bath; no transients. 1055 Washington st.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping; rent $5; one large parlor suitable for a bedroom, rent $4. 718 Filbert st.

TO LET—Neatly furnished rooms at $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a week. Apply 409 8th st.

HANDSOME furnished rooms for offices; also rooms for housekeeping, with gas stoves. 1010½ Washington st. No children.

TO LET—Furnished sunny rooms, with range, for housekeeping. 30 Telegraph avenue.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

$11 PER MONTH—Cosy five roomed cottage on Thirteenth ave., convenient to Brooklyn station. Apply to Hugh M. Cameron, Real Estate Broker.

Cottages cheaper than single room rent; two, three, four and five room modern cottages, large yards, with or without stables, only ten minutes' ride out Telegraph ave. or Grove st. electric car lines; rent $5.50, $7.50, $8, $9 and $10, city water included. Apply to
R. J. MONTGOMERY,
1112 Broadway. - - Oakland.

EXCHANGE for rent a beautiful cottage in East Oakland for a cottage or flat in West Oakland. 1114 East Nineteenth st.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED

LADY AND GENTLEMAN desire two rooms with board in private family; location within one mile of narrow gauge depot. Address H. C., 724 Turk st., S. F.

FLATS TO RENT.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED—Upper floor; three rooms; bath; no children; rent reasonable. 866 Castro st.

SUNNY FLAT for rent; part of furniture for sale; reasonable. 948 Myrtle.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x118 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $750 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1322 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—July 5th, in Wildcat canyon, a black mare branded with the letter "C" on front leg. Finder please return to 2 Second st., Oakland.

LOST—English setter dog, pup, [illegible] months old; black ears and [illegible] Return to P. W. Magill, [illegible] teenth st. Reward.

EDUCATIONAL

SPANISH LESSONS by native and experienced teacher. 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth.

FRENCH and Spanish lessons given by a competent teacher; single lessons, $2 per month, two lessons a week; reductions made to classes. Room 47, Arlington Hotel.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

DRESSMAKERS.

DRESSMAKING and millinery parlors, 516 Eleventh st., rooms 1 and 2; stylish suits, $5; country orders solicited.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—Half interest in undertaking and furniture business, on account of going East. Apply Robert Bleakley, 2123 Center, Berkeley.

FIRST CLASS BAKERY for sale cheap; good oven; fine counter trade; small rent; reason for selling, sickness; or would take a partner. Address Bakery box 3, this office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—First class Columbus buggy, nearly new. No. 10 Portland ave., East Oakland, junction Fourth and Fifth aves.

FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—A first class surrey, good as new, for a first class phaeton buggy Address C. W., box 2.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 576 black—6 bells.

RELIABLE male and female help for all kinds of work, of all nationalities, furnished promptly by leaving orders with J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway, Okd.

SEAMSTRESS, fine sewer, $1 a day. 1312 Grove st.

SITUATION WANTED by competent Protestant woman to do second work and sewing or attend in sickness. Address Mrs. M., box 1, this office.

GIRL wishes situation to do housework and cooking; good references. Call at 487 Twenty-fifth st.

WIDOW LADY would like two or more children to board in a good home; terms reasonable. Address 718 Seventh st., Oakland.

RELIABLE WOMAN wants washing and ironing by the day. 756 Jefferson.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 2291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A German and Swedish girl, also girls of all nationalities, at Mrs. W. M. Sanford's Fidelity Employment Office, 847 Broadway.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist with light housework and take care of baby. Apply at 870 Tenth st., cor. Filbert.

WANTED — A young lady canvasser; steady employment if suited; either commission or salary. Call between 9 and 10. Oakland Printing Co., 805 Broadway.

WANTED—A young girl, foreigner preferred, to assist with cooking and housework. Call 1125 Adeline st., Wednesday and Thursday, at meal hours.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — Situation as gardener or coachman, by strictly sober man; handy with tools; good references given. Address Gardener, box 1, this office.

AGENTS WANTED.

WAR BOOM—There never was a better time to make money from conservative investments in wheat, stocks and cotton than now; only small capital required; open correspondence with us; we will not flood you with worthless literature, but tell you how to succeed in the speculative markets. SPECIAL ADVICE sent free to correspondents. Our special advice last week made money for all who acted upon it. "THE G. W. WYLIE CO.," 11 Wall st., New York.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON — Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law. Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law. City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 48.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 3, District Attorney's office, Court [illegible]

[illegible] s-at-Law, 881 [illegible]

[illegible] torney-at-Law, [illegible] 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BE[illegible] JR., Attorney-at-Law, 557 [illegible] Oakland, Cal.

MEDICAL.

A BL[illegible] ladies suffering from irregularities [illegible] diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 58 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. BLAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 567 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 9 P. M.; telephone main 155.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

$1,750—COLONIAL COTTAGE; five rooms and bath; lot 37½x100; a bargain. Address O. W. E., box 2, this office.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

HYPNOTISM.

HYPNOTISM—Sick subject wanted; fare paid; Thursdays. 2207 Clinton ave., cor. Oak, Alameda.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.,
OAKLAND.

CHOICE PROPERTIES AT HALF THEIR VALUE.

$4,000—A home in Fruitvale, 1½ acres of land highly cultivated. Choice flowers, shrubs and fruit trees. House of nine rooms and modern improvements. Convenient to electric cars and local trains. First class surroundings. Delightful climate. $1,000 cash. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$5,000—Beautiful residence on Hobart st.; modern nine room house; large lot; fine grounds; in perfect condition. A great bargain. Will take one-half in other property. No incumbrance. Owner a non-resident and does not wish the care of large property. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$750—Reduced from $1,400. A new cottage home on Hannah st. near B. Sunny house of five rooms and high basement finished. Chicken houses, etc. Lot 25x133. Fine chance for workingman to own his own home. Near local trains and cable cars. Terms $100 cash. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$60 per front foot—Fine building lots on Harrison st. north of Fourteenth st. Great bargain. Apply immediately. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$50,000—Business property; fine three story brick, paying 5 per cent net on the investment. In center of the best business portion of the city. Lot 100 feet square. Will take one-half in other good properties, balance cash or mortgage at low rate of interest. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

$3,000—A new house on Union st. near Twelfth. Very latest style of architecture. Complete in all appointments. $250 to $500 cash. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have $25,000 to loan on first class securities. None but good safe loans entertained. Parties desiring to loan or borrow money will find it to their advantage to apply to this office.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.,
OAKLAND.

BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.

$3,150—Modern flats; well located; rented $32 per month; convenient and desirable.

$850—Neat four room cottage; Peralta st., near Fourteenth st.; in first class order.

$2,500—Two story house, eight rooms; good order; rents $22.50; central location; Tenth and Grove sts.

$5,500—Cost owner $8,500; Broadway business corner; fair building; rents $25 per month; bank mortgage $3,000; on account of going East owner will exchange equity for clear real estate.

$1,100 each—Two cottages, six rooms and bath each; lot 25x100; rents $10; location south of Seventh near Grove st.

$1,400—A bargain on easy terms; $150 cash, $15 month; fine seven room cottage at Twenty-third ave. (would cost more to build); lot 37x140; being sold for the bank rather than rent it; see this.

$3,000—West st.; a modern cottage home, six rooms below and two above; well built; lot 35x100; make an offer.

$3,000—Two story seven room house and stable; lot 25x133; near Thirty-second and San Pablo ave.

$4,500—Foreclosure compels a sacrifice; corner 60x75; seven room cottage; choicest and central location; four blocks of Eleventh and Broadway; any offer considered.

$2,750—Only $750 cash, balance to bank at 8 per cent; cost owner $4,500; fine modern bay window cottage, five rooms, barn; corner lot 100x125; fronts Piedmont car line; a special bargain.

CHEAP LOTS—
$650—45x104, near Twenty-ninth and Telegraph; sacrifice.
$140—26x100; Temescal, near two car lines.
$1,600—40x100, Twenty-first near Telegraph.
$650—50x140, Thirty-second near West.
$375 each—One or two acres at Elmhurst.
$1,500—45x100, on Telegraph near Twenty-ninth st.

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
Office and Salesrooms,
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.

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BARGAINS.

DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES — Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 478½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 612.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A half Jersey and Holstein cow, which gives four and one-half gallons of milk a day. R. B., box 6, Tribune.

FOR SALE — Household furniture, sewing machine, chickens, etc.; owner going East. Inquire 1515 Fruitvale ave.

FOR SALE—Gasoline stove with oven attached; fine for camping. 615 Fifteenth st.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

REAL ESTATE.

BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.

$1,200—A neat cottage of seven rooms and bath, with lot 50x100, situate on Twenty-fifth ave., East Oakland.

$4,500—A beautiful corner home on Eighth st., nine rooms and bath; lot 44x100; reduced from $5,050; owner would accept a good cottage home in part payment.

$2,600—New modern residence in Peralta Heights; eight rooms and bath; lot 80x125.

$2,650—Will buy a nice modern six room cottage with lot 42x120; situate near Telegraph ave.

$2,000—Splendid investment; a cottage of seven rooms and bath; near corner of San Pablo ave. and Twentieth st.

$1,200—Beautiful building lot on Chestnut st., 40x100; choice surroundings; five feet above street grade; worth $1,600.

BELDEN & COOK,
The Leading
REAL ESTATE DEALERS and
INSTALLMENT HOME BUILDERS
1113 BROADWAY Near Thirteenth St.

THE FAMOUS
ADAMS POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering the the first subdivision of the famous "Adams Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 120 to 190 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.
A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.
458 NINTH STREET.

$1,200—On Adeline st.; 200x100 feet; this property is worth $2,500, present prices; must be sold this week.

Come in and make us an offer on a lot 50x135, on west side of Market st. near Twenty-sixth st.; no reasonable offer refused. (1208)

$800—New two story house of four rooms; lot 50 feet front; in the Alden tract; two blocks to car line each way; worth $1,200; terms to suit.

$2,200—A perfect gem; just finished; complete in every respect; two story, nine rooms, pantry, wash room, cement cellar, south front; lot 50x160; above grade; close to car line; street work complete; all ready for occupancy; very cheap; easy terms. (1509)

We are offering lots in the Central Land Co.'s tract, situated bet. Thirty-first and Thirty-sixth sts., Telegraph ave. and Market st.; street work complete; at from $12 to $23 per foot; easy terms; sizes to suit; will also build to suit purchaser. The prices on this property have been reduced from one-third to one-half in order to close out the remaining lots in this tract at once.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.
458 NINTH STREET.

AT PRIVATE SALE.
CHOICE BUILDING LOTS IN THE SANFORD TRACT,
CORNER SEMINARY AVENUE AND SAN LEANDRO ROAD, NEAR
—FRUITVALE.—
ON THE LINE OF THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
One-fourth—CASH.—One-fourth
BALANCE IN 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS.
INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT PER ANNUM, PAYABLE QUARTERLY.
POSITIVELY THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY EVER OFFERED TO PURCHASERS OF CHEAP LOTS ON THE LINE OF THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
ONLY ONE-FOURTH CASH.
BALANCE IN 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS.
ONLY 8 PER CENT INTEREST.
200—BEAUTIFUL LOTS—200
FROM $100 UP.
TO REACH THE PROPERTY GET OFF AT SEMINARY PARK STATION.
THE SEMINARY PARK STATION OF THE LOCAL ROAD IS WITHIN EASY REACH. MANY OF THE LOTS FRONT ON SEMINARY AVENUE AND SAN LEANDRO ROAD.
THE OAKLAND, SAN LEANDRO & HAYWARDS ELECTRIC RAILWAY PASS THE PROPERTY EVERY FEW MINUTES.
TITLE PERFECT.
REMEMBER THE TERMS.
SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT PER ANNUM, PAYABLE QUARTERLY.
FOR MAPS AND FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO
—S. S. AUSTIN,—
1101 TWENTY-THIRD AVENUE,
EAST OAKLAND.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 Ninth st.

CLAIRVOYANTS

JUST ARRIVED—Madame Simmons of New York, acknowledged by press and public the greatest clairvoyant and magnetic healer in the United States; past, present and future revealed; great on love and business; all who are in trouble should consult with me and I will show you a way out of your difficulty; so don't fail to see me. 906 Washington st., Denver House, rooms 1 and 2.

MRS. WEST, Trance Medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual magnetic healer; card readings, 25c; short time only. 462 Ninth st., Henry House, room 9.

Allen's Press Clipping Bureau,
510 Montgomery street, S. F. Established 1888. Furnishes newspaper clippings and information on all topics, business and personal.

Strictly First Class.
There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house to any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge.
Telephone main 928. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

ENTHUSIASTIC PARDEE RALLY AT BERKELEY.

The largest and most enthusiastic political meeting of the campaign was held in Berkeley last night by the Pardee Club. In calling the meeting to order, President Marliave said there were over 150 names on the club roll.

The principal business of the meeting was the receiving of reports from members as to the progress of the campaign. W. B. Weir of North Berkeley found the sentiment in that district strongly in favor of Pardee. Robert Edgar of Lorin also reported increasing interest in that place. "The outlook is exceedingly favorable," he said. The same was reported by H. N. Wyckoff.

S. B. Carlton of West Berkeley also reported a favorable outlook at that end. "There is a wide awake and growing interest in Pardee's campaign there." J. L. Scotchler and Joseph Grosvenor reported progress and increasing returns. John McCarty of North Berkeley spoke of that district and characterized it as solid for Pardee.

President Marliave called attention to the fact that registration closes on August 9th. He called upon James Oliver, who urged upon all members of the club to lose no time in fulfilling their duty in this matter. He said that the State Convention would be called for August 23d. "The State Central Committee will doubtless settle upon that date. I think that the club should not relax its energies because Berkeley seems to be so sure to go for Pardee. County matters are in a flourishing condition. Pardee is sure to carry a majority of the Alameda county delegates. It is only a question of whether he will carry them all."

Secretary Waiste said: "As far as Oakland is concerned, it will go for Pardee. His candidacy is gaining ground. The attitude of the Call is nothing more than ludicrous. Everybody understands the Spreckels' own interests can be read between the lines of every article. I believe, however, that their attitude will only redown to the Doctor's credit."

"I am sure as far as Berkeley is concerned, Mr. Waiste continued, "everything is solid for Pardee. We should make nothing but a clean, open-handed fight, perfectly above board, as the Doctor would certainly not countenance anything that is not in any way objectionable or ungentlemanly."

President Marliave stated that the Call itself admitted that Alameda county is for Pardee. Major Jansen of Lorin then spoke as follows: "It is conceded that a Republican Governor is sure to be elected. The nomination practically means election. There is not a man that the Republican party can pick out who can fill the Governor's chair like Dr Pardee. He is a man of Lincoln's type—upright and unassailable—an honor to the people and to those who nominate him, an honor to the Republican party and to the State of California."

W. C. Moran, the postmaster at Lorin, stated that he had never heard a word said in favor of Davis in all of Lorin—that all the men he had spoken to were either for Pardee or on the fence, and in the latter case were soon brought over.

In closing the meeting President Marliave thanked the members of the club for the enthusiasm shown, and the meeting ended with three cheers for Pardee as the next Governor.

LUDWIG STREUBER GETS A NEW TRIAL.

Supreme Court Decides That the Lower Court Erred in Instructions.

Ludwig A. Streuber, convicted in the Superior Court of permitting his wife to remain in a house of ill repute, gets a new trial. The Supreme Court holds there was an error in instructions.

Streuber married Dora Lemery of Fruitvale after she had been living in various lodging houses in this city. She was less than 17 years of age, and to secure freedom from restraint by her mother married young Streuber. He had no employment or means of supporting her. They immediately took lodgings in a Sixth street house, where they were arrested a few days later.

Streuber's wife is now an inmate of Whittier Reform School. He was convicted and sentenced to one year in State prison. His attorney, Fred Fry, took an appeal to the Supreme Court on a technicality and won his point.

ROAD MATTERS BEFORE THE SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors transacted very little business at the session yesterday afternoon.

The bills for grading and macadamizing the San Leandro road between O'Neil and Ivey avenues, and also for grading and macadamizing Fruitvale avenue between East Fourteenth street and Hopkins street were denied on Talcott's statement that the funds were depleted.

The Board then adjourned until Monday.

Warrant Out For Charlotte Robb

A warrant charging Charlotte Robb with vagrancy was sworn out yesterday by Mrs. Robb of Fruitvale, the girl's mother. Charlotte is only 16 years old but has been wayward, and was some time ago placed in an institution by Mrs Prescott. The girl professed religion however, and was returned to her mother.

At present the mother claims she is putting in too much time about Camp Barrett, and she wants to have her committed to some institution where she can be kept under a close watch.

The Drum.

Is the place for beer on tap, and for all other drinks, served quietly. Rooms for families. M. T. Conway, formerly with W. M. Watson & Co., 904 Washington. Telephone red 2146.

Special this week at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh street; household furniture. Telephone 852 blue.

"Wanted" Storage Goods.

Storage taken from 35c upwards; best and safest building in Oakland to leave your furniture, etc., at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

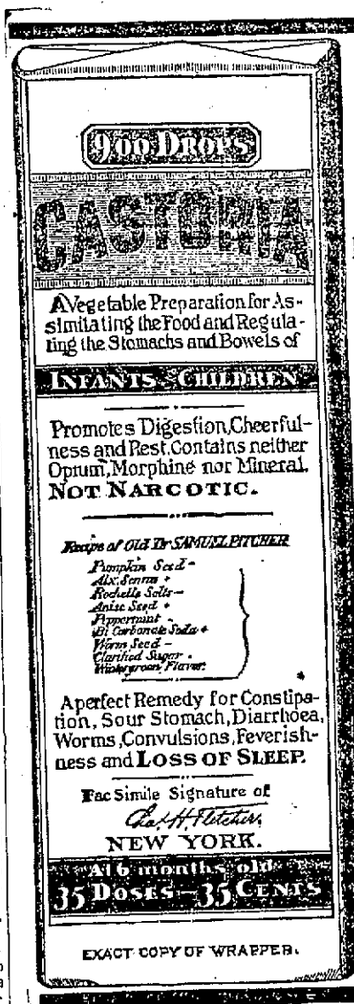
Special Sale.

Household goods, chairs, rockers, lounges, bedroom furniture, mattings, oilcloths, stoves, crockery and glassware must be sacrificed this week at 408 Eleventh street, H. Schellhaas' old store, entrance near corner. Telephone 852 blue.

"My Cake Is Dough."

Did not use Sperry's Flour.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.

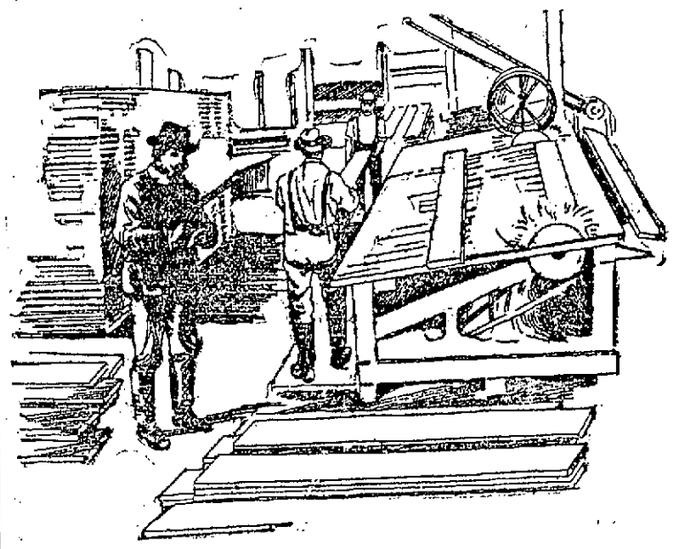


EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.



A head lumber surveyor for a mill in East Hampden, Me., gives the following account of a very curious difficulty: "For the past six or seven years I have been troubled with constipation, and as regularly as each Sunday came round I would have a terrible headache; so bad in fact, that I would scarcely go out of the house at all for the day. My work is such that I am standing in one spot checking lumber nearly all day long, and so get no exercise to speak of. I used all kinds of headache cures that I could find, but they would soon give no effect. One Saturday one of the firm gave me a bottle of Ripans Tabules and I used them that night. The next morning I was more than surprised to find no headache. I have used them frequently since, and have no headaches, am no longer constipated, and my general health is all that could be desired. I couldn't keep house without Ripans Tabules." A friend of this man adds: "He desires that his name be not used in an advertisement, but would be glad to answer any inquiries. I can personally vouch for the truth of his story, as I was the one who called his attention to the Tabules."

A new style packet containing five TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced form is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (12 tabules) or 36 TABULES by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (five TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

POORMAN Repairs Stoves, Garden Hose, Pumps, and also does a general Plumbing business. See him before having your work done. Tel. White 991. 7th & Adeline Sts

Using gas for fuel is essentially an American idea.

There is no Nation on Earth our superior in inventive genius

The American succeeds both in Peace and War, because he is quick to appreciate modern improvements. Don't loose time. Get a Gas Range and be prepared for all emergencies.

16th St.
New Broadway — Telegraph Avenue
An Honest Wheel. An Honest Dealer.
THE WARNER SPECIAL
C. G. FIELD, - Oakland Cyclery

THE OAKLAND RESTAURANT
Caters to Lovers of Home Cooking and makes a specialty of a Business Man's Lunch.
853 FRANKLIN ST. Oakland, Cal.

I having been a patient under the care of the California Willow Bark Institute at Oakland, California, Dr. A. B. Barnes, Medical Director, for four weeks, for the liquor habit, I feel it due to the Institute, as well as a pleasure to myself, to add my testimonial, hoping it may aid some other poor fellow. I have no craving or appetite for alcoholic stimulants. The California Willow Bark Institute have done as they agreed to with me, and I am glad to say I am now cured of the disease of dipsomania and drunkenness.
Respectfully,
JACK PARSONS.
632 Webster St., Oakland, Cal.
CALIFORNIA WILLOW BARK INSTITUTE,
1020 Oak Street, corner Eleventh.
A purely vegetable cure for Dipsomania, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco habits.

Arpers' Oil Against the Combine
Ask Your Dealer For It.

TORAL HANDS SHAFTER A LIST OF PRISONERS.

Over Twenty-Two Thousand Captured, Far in Excess of the American Forces.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The War Department has received a dispatch, dated yesterday, from General Shafter saying that the roster of prisoners was handed in yesterday afternoon by General Toral and that the total is 22,789 men.

General Shafter's dispatch added that the prisoners turned over to him far exceeded in numbers the strength of his own army.

SHAFTER WANTS IMMUNES AT ONCE

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Shafter has asked the War Department to hurry forward the regiments of immunes for service at Santiago city and vicinity, in order that there may be a minimum of danger of further infection of our troops from the fever which prevails at Santiago.

Secretary Alger said this afternoon that it is probable that the total number of Spanish soldiers who will have to be transported to Spain will reach the 25,000, estimated by General Shafter, as Toral's reports did not cover quite all the soldiers who would be turned over.

The Secretary says the Military Governor of Santiago had not yet been definitely selected. Our army took ten million rounds of ammunition at Santiago, so that it will not need such supplies for some time.

The Secretary would not go into details concerning the Porto Rican expedition, but said he fully expected it would start today on its mission.

PENNSYLVANIA SAILS FOR MANILA

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—The transport steamer Pennsylvania sailed today for the Philippines. The announcement that the vessel would sail today attracted thousands of people to the water front, and hundreds of others chartered small boats to accompany the big liner to the Golden Gate. The rolls of heavy smoke issuing from the smoke stack of the vessel was a preliminary announcement that the time for the departure had come, and a great cheer arose from the thousands of spectators along the water front.

The Pennsylvania carried nearly 1,500 men, including the First Montana Regiment and 300 recruits for the First California Volunteers, now at Manila. The troops will be under the command of Colonel Kessler.

OUR SHIPS AT SANTIAGO

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

SANTIAGO HARBOR, July 18, 5 P. M., via Kingston, Jamaica, July 19., 8:45 A. M.—Santiago is now a city of silence. The American flag waves over the military headquarters on Morro's flagstaff, and Red Cross emblems are as plentiful as church spires.

Almost the entire population this afternoon is gathered about the wharves, where the Spanish shipping, now prizes of the United States, will soon be augmented by a large fleet of transports flying the American colors.

Some stores, mostly for the sale of liquor or drugs, are open but their patrons are few. Beggars are in evidence, of the same importunate sort which make Havana unpleasant for foreigners. Now and then a man or woman of the better class begs the correspondents for "milk for my little one, in the name of God."

At the dock where the Red Cross steamer State of Texas is unloading, preparing for a long stay, a guard from the Ninth Infantry has been mounted, but the soldiers have little trouble, except from the inroads by bad boys.

There is no evidence of gloom on the face of the Spanish men and women. These mercurial people are already laughing, and are pleased at the military show and at the prospect of getting food other than rice and salt meat. Nearly all the better class of houses are closed. The residents evidently have not yet returned from El Caney and other suburban places to which they fled on the date of the bombardment by land and sea forces of the United States.

Filth is noticeable everywhere, and strange to say, the city is healthy in spite of it. But if Santiago is to continue healthy, much sanitary work is necessary. Arrangements, therefore, are now under way to relieve the most dangerous features and to improve those which tend to purify the city.

The harbor of Santiago de Cuba is a very beautiful place, with its high ramparts of mountains, groves of cocoa palms, banana trees and flowering shrubs pushing down to the very brink of the bay.

The channel is tortuous and marked by bright blue and white buoys or more clearly defined in places of long booms or logs along the entrance of shallow bays and inlets. Old churches, forts and bastions share the promontories with light, wooden houses for summer dwellings of the upper classes.

TRANSPORTS IN THE HARBOR.

The harbor was the scene of a beautiful marine pageant this afternoon. A score or more of American transports, the way being pointed out by the Suwanee, glided majestically to the quiet anchorage, something they had not enjoyed for weeks, being compelled instead to stand out to sea at night to be tossed about by the waves, or to use the precarious holding grounds off Baiquiri. They were fine boats, many of them being among the largest specimens of American merchant marine.

Nearly all bedecked with flags, they steamed in proudly, making a goodly show extending over a mile of water.

A dispatch boat of the Associated Press on its way out to sea saluted each of the transports with blasts from the siren of the Almirante Oquendo, taken from that ship some days ago and put in place by the enthusiastic crew of the dispatch boats. The salutes were returned, not only from the transports, but by the cheers of the men on board them, who had long looked forward to this feature of the campaign.

WRECKING TUG ARRIVES.

How soon the Spanish troops will be loaded on these transports for shipment to their homes, which many of them have not seen for three years or more, cannot be announced at present. But it is understood that the delay will be as short as possible. The big Government tug Potomac arrived here today from New Orleans. She is provided with modern appliances for wrecking, and with the other vessels sent here for the same purpose, will secure all it is possible to save from the ships which formed Admiral Cervera's squadron.

The long bridge at Aguadores on the Juragua railroad, connecting Siboney with Santiago, has been replaced in a temporary fashion by the Americans, and the road will be used to transport from the seaboard the stores, horses, munitions, etc., which were unloaded at Siboney before the surrender of Santiago.

TROOPS FOR PORTO RICO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The following regiments, comprising Hayne's Brigade, have been ordered to Newport News, whence they will embark for Porto Rico:

Third Illinois, Fourth Pennsylvania and Fourth Ohio, comprising from 3,800 to 4,000 men. In addition four batteries of artillery, making 700 men and 1,000 horses, a hospital corps of 2,000 and a signal corps of 200 have been ordered to Newport News.

It has not been definitely decided, and will not be until General Brooke has been heard from, which regiments from the First and Second Divisions of his corps shall go to Porto Rico, but the First and Third Kentucky and Fifth Illinois are among the probable selections. The First Illinois is the only regiment known here to have actually gone to Porto Rico with General Miles.

The officials of the Queen and Crescent road have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to load 3,000 soldiers for Newport News within the next twenty-four hours.

No regiments are expected to receive moving orders, however, until the arrival of General Brooke at camp tomorrow morning. At least 25,000 men are now in shape to leave here on twenty-four hours' notice.

TROOPS SENT TO FERDINAND.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The troops under General Coppinger who do not go to Porto Rico, will be transferred to Ferdinand, on account of the malaria at Tampa, where they are now quartered.

Status of Chinese "Traders."

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Attorney General has rendered an opinion in which he holds that Chinese "traders" or merchants' assistants, are not merchants within the meaning of the Chinese exclusion act.

DEATH LURKED IN A CORRODED COOKING DISH.

Fifty-Five Men Poisoned at Camp Alger and Fifteen Not Expected to Recover.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Fifty-five men belonging to Company A, Twenty-second Kansas volunteers at Camp Alger, were poisoned today by eating hash which had been cooked in a tin-lined vessel that had become corroded. Fifteen of the men are seriously ill and are not expected to recover.

The hash was eaten at breakfast, and those who partook of it became ill shortly afterward. The hospital doctors pronounce it to be ptomaine poisoning. The names of the men have not been ascertained.

GENERAL MILES' DEPARTURE WAS DELAYED A DAY.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—General Miles did not start for Porto Rico, as was expected, but either has already sailed this morning or will get away during the day.

The delay was owing to a failure to receive the necessary orders, through some mistake of the persons through whose hands they traveled.

General Miles telegraphed here over night and the orders were repeated him and he was told to start for Porto Rico immediately and without delay.

NO WORD OF DEWEY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—It was stated at the Navy Department to-day that no dispatches have been received from Admiral Dewey relating to the important events in the Philippines described in the press cables.

It is evident, however, that the officials do not now feel the same concern relative to the attitude of the German naval force at Manila that they did when the Admiral's last dispatch was received. It was not stated officially, but there is good reason to believe that either through Embassador White at Berlin or the representatives of the German Government here the State Department has received assurances as to the attitude of Germany toward the Philippines that have in a large measure removed the grave apprehension heretofore entertained that Germany would offer obstacles to the execution of our plans.

It is not known just what the nature of those assurances are, and it may be that they are based upon some facts communicated by Admiral Dewey as to the exchanges which have taken place between himself and the German Admiral in the Philippines, for it is known that, for political reasons, the Navy Department withheld from publication a large and important section of Dewey's cablegram received several days ago.

The reported negotiations between the insurgent leader Aguinaldo and the Spanish Captain General Augusti have not been yet reported officially. It is, however, a matter of congratulation to the officials here that in all the actions we have had so far with the insurgents, Admiral Dewey has carefully refrained from committing the United States in any way, and has never in the slightest degree relaxed the extreme caution he adopted originally as his guiding principle in dealing with the insurgents.

Unsavory stories of previous exhibitions of lack of integrity on the part of the insurgent leaders had led the Government here to adopt a very wary attitude in all communications with these people, and the same rule of action now governs its conduct. It does not follow from this that the Government is convinced that Aguinaldo is playing false. There is no doubt that the pro-Spanish element in the Philippines and in Asia would lose no opportunity to create that impression, with a view to causing a breach between the United States military and naval commanders and the insurgents, but the very suggestion of the adoption by the insurgents of a course attributed to them tends very strongly to retard the preparations of plans by the administration to govern the future of the Philippines.

SMOKELESS POWDER OUTPUT.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The output of smokeless powder for the Navy and the Ordnance Bureau is receiving more than 8,000 pounds daily for the big guns.

Duel Over Zola's Trial.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, July 19.—A duel, arising from the Zola trial, was fought at St. Cloud, between M. Paul de Roulede, the essayist and poet, and M. Gustave Hubbard, member of the Chamber of Deputies for Pontoise. The latter siezed his adversary's sword with his left hand, whereupon the seconds stopped the duel, declaring that M. Hubbard had disqualified himself.

Two duels between well known journalists, growing out of the trial, are impending.

Murderer Belew's Will Filed.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SUISUN, Calif., July 19.—The will of Franklin Belew, the Dixon murderer, who was hanged at the Folsom State prison June 16 for poisoning his brother and sister, has been filed for probate in the Superior Court. The double murderer has left all his estate, consisting of about $2500 in cash, to his two little children.

SHAFTER'S CLEAN UP

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The War Department at 3 o'clock posted the following bulletin:

"PLAYA, 9:37 A. M., HEADQUARTERS NEAR SANTIAGO, July 19.—Adjutant General, Washington:—My ordnance officer reports over 10,000 rifles sent in and about 10,000,000 rounds of ammunition. Send officers and troops to-morrow to receive surrender of interior garrisons. About 2,000 at these places. Will send officers to receive surrender of coast garrisons, Guantanamo, Bocillon, Sagua, and Pancinla.

"W. R. SHAFTER,
"Major General."

PROF. ANDREWS GOES TO CHICAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Professor E. Benjamin Andrews, President of Brown University, in a telegram today to President Harris of the Board of Education, formally accepted the position of Superintendent of Chicago's public schools.

Arrested for a Hotel Bill.

William Stanley, a cook residing at 773 Washington street, was arrested yesterday by Detective Shorey and Constable Reese Jones of Martinez, on a warrant issued from Contra Costa county, charging Stanley with defrauding an innkeeper.

Stanley admits owing a Martinez hotel keeper $31, but says he never denied the debt, and had already written to the hotel man saying he would pay as soon as possible.

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Just as good in every way as if perfectly new and at quite a saving.

We Buy Old School Books

giving you goods in exchange or cash, as you desire.

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This year our plans are so laid that every customer will be served with great expedition.

Our Clerks

are in good number, experienced and courteous.

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Any goods purchased in our store if returned in good condition, will be exchanged immediately. Your money back if you wish it.

Open Evenings.

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A COMPETENT WOMAN wishes a position to work by day, and to do washing and ironing and house cleaning. Address 956 Third st.

CITY SCHOOL EXPENSES NOW ARE ESTIMATED.

It Will Cost $23,000 More to Run the Schools.

The High School is to Be Conducted More Cheaply.

NEW MANUAL FARMING BUILDING

The Board of Education Will Ask For $15,000 For This Work.

Superintendent of Schools McClymonds filed an estimate of the expenses of the School Department with the Board of Education last night. The expenses for the grammar and primary schools last year amounted to $263,784.38. The estimate this year is $282,156.50.

The estimated income is as follows: State, $130,000; county, $93,000; tuition, $400; balance from fiscal year 1897-98, $7,000; revenue required from city taxes, $51,746.50; total, $282,146.50.

Last year High School expenses amounted to $48,121.12, and the estimate for the coming year is $44,445.24.

The estimate of the grammar and primary school department included $10,000 for a new manual training school, $10,000 for school sites, and $4,500 for four new teachers.

Director Ingler moved to amend the report to add $5,000 for the manual training school building in order to have good steel and iron work. Redington said he was in favor of spending more, but felt the Council would not give all the money. The amendment was adopted, and then the whole report was adopted, only Redington opposing.

"I don't wonder the people complain of the extravagance of the city and county government at this rate," said he as he voted no.

"What would you cut out?" asked Powell, but Redington was unable to tell.

On Director Russ' motion, $400 from the school fund of '97-'98 was transferred to the High School fund to make good a deficit.

Superintendent McClymonds announced that the schools had cost $313,582.50 during the past year and that $17,000 was still remaining in the funds.

County Superintendent Garlick reported that $46,377.28 had been apportioned from the State fund for the Oakland schools.

ANOTHER SCHOOL NEEDED.

Chairman Ingler of the Committee on School-houses and Sites made the following recommendation:

"The need of a school site is shown by the fact that we have seventy-five or more children belonging in the city of Oakland now going to school in Berkeley. We therefore recommend that the permission of the City Council be asked to purchase a school site to accommodate the residents in the neighborhood of what was formerly known as Lorin, the cost not to exceed $5,000. The purchase is to be made with the proviso that the payments are to be made after the district is definitely fixed as part of the city of Oakland.

"That the Council be informed that the Board of Education has on hand of last year's fund more than sufficient to pay for the land desired."

Redington thought it would be better to ask the Council for a certain site, but Ingler and Powell agreed that it would be best to make the recommendation first and the site would be selected later. The vote was called and carried, only Gray, Powell and Redington voting against it.

The requisition for supplies for the chemical department of the High School, which calls for an outlay of nearly $1000, occasioned another discussion last night when it again came up for consideration. Russ said that Professor Meads, head of the science department said the supplies were absolutely necessary to properly carry on the work required by the State University. The X-ray apparatus was cut out, and on Director Clement's declaration that the supplies would last a year, the requisition passed, although Gray and Redington voted no.

Petitions were received from residents of the Second Ward and from students asking that the Clawson Evening School be continued. A similar petition relative to the Prescott Evening School was received. Both petitions were referred to the Evening School Committee.

An application for the remission of the tuition of Ruette Lynch was referred to the proper committee. A similar application was received from Lottie E. Faber.

A proposition to carpet the outer office at the High School was promptly set upon by Director Redington.

"I am opposed to all this extravagance," said he. "I don't believe in having new curtains and chairs and everything."

Russ, Ingler, Rutherford, Powell and Redington voted together and defeated the proposition.

E. B. Clement, as chairman of the Committee on Furniture and Supplies announced that the Piedmont, Grant, Temescal, Bay, Clawson, Prescott, Cole Harrison, and Swett School buildings had been thoroughly cleaned. The Committee further recommended that the principals and teachers be requested to inspect and report the condition of the rooms monthly. The recommendation was adopted.

The Committee further recommended that a barrel of "Magic Dustless Floor Dressing" be purchased for the Lafayette School building. Redington thought this would be an extravagant purchase, and Powell believed the dressing unsanitary, but the remainder of the Directors voted for it and carried the recommendation.

The Committee on School-houses and Sites, through Chairman Ingler, recommended that a concrete sidewalk be laid along East Sixteenth street near the Garfield School. Adopted.

R. L. Durham of the San Francisco Business College sent the following communication to the Board:

"Believing that there is sufficient demand for a class in shorthand in the evening schools of your city from among your young people qualified educationally to take up the study, and in view of the fact that there is at present no evening class in this study in any of the private schools of this city, I submit to your Board the following proposition for establishing this popular branch of practical education in the evening schools of Oakland:

"If your Board will furnish me a room and gas for three months, I will organize such a class and teach it for said time without compensation with the proviso that all students admitted to said class shall be graduates of some grammar school or shall be examined under the supervision of the Superintendent of schools, demonstrating that their scholarship is equal to that of those who graduate from the grammar schools of Oakland. At the end of the term if there shall have been an average daily attendance of fifteen in said class and my teaching shall be satisfactory to your Board, the Board shall incorporate said class as a part of your evening schools, making provision for typewriting, as soon as practicable, employ me as the regular teacher of the same for the present year and in addition pay me for three months' back salary for services rendered at the usual rate for evening school teachers. But if at the end of three months there shall be a less attendance than fifteen in said class or the organization of said class shall not be satisfactory to the Board, your Board shall not be under any financial obligation to me whatever.

"Very respectfully,
"R. L. DUNBAR."

The matter was referred to the Evening School Committee.

Maud E. Clock was granted a six-months' leave of absence.

July salary warrants were ordered drawn.

Miss Bunker of the High School was given three-months' leave of absence.

IN THE COURTS TODAY

Judge Hall to-day appointed James C. S. Akerly to serve as administrator "de bonis non" of the estate of the late Catherine M. Akerly. The estate has once been administered upon by one of the heirs, but he was discharged before his work was finished.

Charles Snook as guardian of Edward H. Seaner, an insane person, to-day petitioned the court to issue a citation compelling B. L. Davis to come into court and show cause why he has not paid a debt of $100 long due to the estate.

The executrix of the estate of Mary Newland, deceased, to-day received final discharge.

Decree of final distribution has been handed down in the matter of the estate of August T. Miller, deceased.

Mary E. Miller was to-day appointed guardian of Alice H. H., Louis T. and Henry G. Miller, minors.

Elizabeth A. Terry was to-day appointed guardian of the person and estate of Owen A. Terry, a minor.

A decree settling final account and ordering distribution was to-day handed down by Judge Hall on the estate of James C. Kyte, deceased.

Leo Pheg, an insolvent, to-day received his final discharge.

F. B. Fischer, assignee in the matter of the estate of J. H. Bruns, to-day filed account and exhibit.

The final account of the assignee of H. Swain, an insolvent, was to-day settled.

Dr. Chamberlain Returns.

Dr. N. H. Chamberlain, who with his family has been enjoying a summer outing at Monterey, has returned to Oakland and resumed his practice. Mrs. Chamberlain and the children will remain by the seashore for some time.

While at Monterey, Dr. Chamberlain made a record with his rod and tackle. He landed a big bull-head off the rocks, and it is no "fish-story" to say that it was one of the largest caught there this season. The doctor has photographs of the finny monster, and the camera cannot tell a lie—not to insinuate that Dr. Chamberlain would over-estimate the size of his catch.

Dr. Chamberlain and his wife are both enthusiastic amateur photographers, and as the result of their work in this line, have a fine collection of photos. The doctor's children proved admirable subjects for the camera. A set of pictures "By the Sad Sea Waves" is particularly clever.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

BULBS.

Just received—a large stock of hyacinth, tulip, daffodil and other spring flowering bulbs. An immense stock. Plant early for early flowers.

H. M. SANBORN,
Tel. Main 576. 517 Fourteenth street.

Special Notice.

All articles at H. Schellhaas' old store are selling at about half regular price; bedroom and parlor goods, wool mattresses, in fact household goods of all kinds, 408 Eleventh street, near Franklin. See our goods and prices. Folding beds, lounges, cot beds, camp chairs. Telephone 852 blue.

TESLA COAL

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A Coal to beat the combine, satisfy housekeepers and boom our common county.

$6.50

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Telephone Main 79.

LEGAL.

Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the County Clerk of Alameda County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerks it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF THAT REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August [illegible], 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section [illegible], which provides that those who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY DAYS are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts of the county, or before any Deputy County Assessor, without charge.

Affidavits can also be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

Notice is given that after the filing of affidavits, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSES OF TRANSFER, when names are ENTERED on Great Register, postal cards will be sent giving date of entry. If postal is not received, voters should ascertain the reason why.

The office of the County Clerk in the Hall of Records will be, until further notice, open for registration from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. of each day.

Dated April 4, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk.
(Seal)

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Office of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, Oakland, Alameda county, California, July 15th, A. D. 1898.

To the stockholders of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, a corporation:

Public notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway, a corporation, will be held at the office of said corporation, said office being situated on the first floor of the building situated on the northeasterly corner of Twenty-fourth street and Oakland avenue, in the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, State of California (the same being the principal place of business of the said corporation, and being the building where the Board of Directors of said corporation usually meet), on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of July, A. D. 1898, at the hour of half past two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, said special meeting of the stockholders of said corporation is hereby called to take action concerning the disposition and conveyance of the entire corporate property and franchises belonging to the said corporation; and also to transact such other business of every nature and description as may lawfully come before the said meeting. Said meeting is hereby called upon, and pursuant to, the written request of S. C. Bigelow, John R. Spring, James Moffitt and E. A. Heron, said last named persons being directors of said corporation and constituting a majority of the Board of Directors thereof.

It is hereby directed that public notice of said special meeting of said stockholders shall be published for at least one week in the Oakland Tribune, a newspaper printed and published daily at the said city of Oakland, in the county and State aforesaid. The first publication of said notice in said newspaper shall be at least one week before the day set for the holding of said meeting, and the said notice is hereby directed to be published daily from and after said first publication up to and including the day upon which said meeting is hereby called to be held.

Dated at the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, State of California, this fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1898.

CHAS. R. BISHOP,
President of the Piedmont and Mountain View Railway.

Attest:
(Seal) DANIEL GRANT,
Secretary.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh deceased, and for the issuance to Sophie Crawford of letters testamentary thereon has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the first day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 1 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 14th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
SAM'L BELL McKEE, Attorney for Petitioner.

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J. ROHAN,

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BANQUETS, PARTIES,

LADIES' DEPARTMENTS.

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DRINK HIRES
ROOT BEER

The PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY

M. & J. LONGE, Proprietors.

N. E. Corner Tenth and Webster Sts.

OAKLAND, CAL.

First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

DEWEY CALLS THE INSOLENT GERMANS DOWN

He Demands to Know Whether Von Diedrichs Means War or Peace, and Will Act Accordingly.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 19.—A dispatch to the World from Manila, July 14, by way of Hong Kong, says:

Admiral Dewey sent a messenger to the German Admiral recently to inquire whether America and Germany are at peace or at war.

If they are at peace, he demanded that the German warships here pursue a different course.

If they are at war, he wanted to know it, so he could govern himself accordingly.

Admiral Dewey was prompted to send this peremptory message by the action of the German cruiser Irene in preventing an insurgent attack upon the Spanish garrison at Subig bay, which greatly displeased him.

Admiral von Diedrichs, in command of the German fleet in the Pacific, returned a verbal answer which was apologetic in tone and satisfactory. But afterwards he sent to Admiral Dewey a note stating that he objected to the Americans stopping German ships which have been in the bay once and been visited.

The German ships have made a practice of coming into Manila and then making trips outside the bay, cruising among the islands and returning in two or three days. The German contention is that a ship should not be stopped after the first time.

Admiral Dewey replied that Manila is a blockaded port and that he would continue to have all ships communicated with when he desired, whether on the first or the hundredth time of entering the bay.

The German Admiral responded, still objecting and saying that he would submit the question to the senior officers of his other warships.

The Germans continue to keep a large squadron of warships in the bay here and about the islands.

The armored cruiser Kaiser and the protected cruiser Irene have remained at Manila.

The protected cruiser Kaiserin Augusta, Princess Wilhelm and Cormorant returned today from the island of Cebu, of the Visayas group, commercially, a very prominent part of the Philippine archipelago. They had been coasting about the island. Four entered the bay on returning, in column form.

All the vessels in the bay dressed ship today in honor of the French holiday, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastile. General Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief, has established headquarters at Bakor. He still has headquarters at Cavite, but is not expected to occupy them.

The insurgents continue to maintain a fence about Manila, but make no attempt to capture the city. The report that they intended to attack Manila Sunday, July 10, was false.

There is a little firing every night, but no general engagement.

The American troops are active in drilling. There has been no movement toward Manila.

The cruiser Boston left yesterday to meet the second fleet of transports, which is expected here this week. There is no probability of action until General Merritt arrives.

Four volunteers from Oregon—Captains Heath, Wells and Prescott and Lieutenant Telfor—obtained permission to spend last Sunday within the rebel lines. There was much uneasiness when they did not return Sunday or Monday, but they arrived safely on Tuesday morning.

They explained that they got further away than they thought and could not return on Sunday, so they decided to make a tour of investigation along the Pasig river, back of Manila, and got some valuable information.

They are now confined to their quarters, and probably will be court-martialed.

GERMAN MAJOR WANTS TO ENLIST

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Major Von Vroohm of the Royal Cavalry of Germany, now in Berlin, has written to the War Department, tendering his services to the American army in the war against Spain.

In his letter he says that he served in the Prussian cavalry, participated in the late war against France, and, upon application, was retired two years ago. "Being strong and healthy," he says, "I once more long to enter active service."

He transmits his commission from the German army, signed by Emperor William, and also a photograph of himself in full military uniform showing numerous badges and orders of distinction. His application has been sent to the President.

THE BUFFALO TO DO SERVICE.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Buffalo, the cruiser brought by the United States from Brazil, will be repaired, fitted out with guns and sent into the war. She has been ordered to New York. Commander Hemphill, who will command the Buffalo, will be in charge of the work of fitting her for service. After inspecting the vessel he informed the Navy Department that with a competent crew he can make all the necessary repairs.

REORGANIZING QUARTERMASTERS

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Under authority of a recent act of Congress, the Quartermaster's Department of the army has been reorganized by the assignment of officers as follows:

Major W. S. Patten, to have charge of all matters relating to clothing and camp and garrison equipage, with the rank of Colonel; Lieutenant Colonel C. P. Miller, to have charge of all wagon transportation and the purchase of horses, mules, etc., and regular supplies, with the rank of Colonel; Captain F. M. Schreiber, to have charge of all matters relating to the personnel of the Quartermaster's Department, including civilian employes, with the rank of Major; Lieutenant Colonel A. S. Kimball, to have charge of the New York depot, with the rank of Colonel; Lieutenant Colonel C. D. Smith, to have charge of the St. Louis depot, with the rank of Colonel; Lieutenant Colonel A. V. Furey, to have charge of the Philadelphia depot, with the rank of Colonel; Lieutenant Colonel C. W. Williams, to have charge of the Jeffersonville depot, with the rank of Colonel; Captain T. F. True, to have charge of the Washington depot, with the rank of Major.

CAIMANERA'S FLAG LOWERED.

(Copyright 1898 by Associated Press.)

CAMP M'CALLA, July 18, 7 P. M., via Playa del Esto, Guantanamo Bay.—A launch from the Marblehead went up the bay this afternoon to Vertcaya del Toro, opposite Caimanera, and gave formal notice to the Spanish commander of the surrender of General Toral's troops, together with the conditions of the capitulation of Santiago. A limited time was fixed for hauling down the Spanish flag over Caimanera.

The American officer also gave notice that if the Spanish gunboat Sandoval was disabled in any way, or if any arms, ammunition, public buildings or barracks at Caimanera or Guantanamo were destroyed, the Spaniards would not be treated as prisoners of war. The flag was hauled down this afternoon.

From Spanish sources it is learned that the total force in Guantanamo and Caimanera is about 5,000, of which number, however, only about 8,000 are fit for service, the others being disabled by sickness or wounds.

Tomorrow steps will be taken for a formal surrender. What disposition will be made of the prisoners has not yet been determined, because of the presence of yellow fever among them. A rigid quarantine will be maintained, and it is probable that transports for the removal of the prisoners will be sent up the bay and loaded there, instead of having the prisoners marched down here.

GODFREY WAS FIRST IN CUBA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Lieutenant George L. Godfrey of the Twenty-Second Infantry, formerly stationed at Fort Crook, Neb., who had the distinction of being the first member of the invading army to set foot on the island of Cuba, is at his home in this city on a two months' sick leave, suffering from a bullet wound in his head. Lieutenant Godfrey was struck with a Mauser bullet in the famous fight at El Caney. All efforts to find it have failed, and as the wound is very painful, the X-rays will have to be used.

Lieutenant Godfrey gave a graphic account to his friends of the race for the first honors between the men of the Eighth Infantry and the Twenty-second Infantry. According to Lieutenant Godfrey, the Twenty-second succeeded in getting to the mainland in Cuba before the Eighth, the Twenty-second winning by a couple of boat lengths.

NEW RECRUITING STATION OPENED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 19.—A permanent recruiting station for the United States navy will be opened in the Masonic Temple in this city. Commander John M. Hawley, who enlisted the Illinois naval reserves, will take charge.

REPAIRING AND FITTING WARSHIPS

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Bureau of Construction and Repair is expending $1,250,000 a month upon repairs, fitting and refitting vessels for the war with Spain.

HAVANA PRESS JEERS WATSON'S PROPOSED RAID.

Cuba's Producing Class Wants Annexation to America.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

HAVANA, June 30.—A local newspaper, commenting upon the war undertaken by the United States against Spain in the name of humanity, says that if the money already spent by the Americans in war had been employed in helping the reconcentrados the latter, notwithstanding the irregularities of Consul General Lee and other politicians, would be eating partridge and drinking champagne.

The same paper, in an editorial based upon the report that the American Commodore, Watson, will take a squadron to the Spanish coast and bombard the forts, says the rumor is "mere nonsense." This is the argument:

"The Iowa, one of the vessels which it is said will go, has not room enough in her bunkers for the coal necessary to carry her from the United States to Spain. But, even supposing she can get coal enough, what would be the American base of operations? If the American vessels were damaged, where would they be repaired? As for bombarding ports, the answer to that is that Cadiz, Barcelona, Corunna, Santander and almost all the ports of Spain are well fortified and in condition to repel any attack by the American fleet.

"Such a resolution, if it has been taken, is due to a desire of the American Government to satisfy clamorous spirits in the United States, notwithstanding that they are excited over the news that the second Spanish naval division under Admiral Camara is on the way to the Philippines, where it must most likely defeat the American squadron under Commodore Dewey. The American Government has tried to persuade the American people that the sending to Spain of a squadron under Watson will compel the squadron of Admiral Camara to return for the defense of the Spanish ports, so that Dewey's fleet will be saved, and there will be no danger that American ports in the Pacific will be bombarded by Camara."

A cablegram just received from Madrid says that in August the Cortes will meet again to consider a matter of the highest importance. This has been much commented upon in all circles, and has caused considerable anxiety among many who, until now, have shown no lack of confidence.

El Pais, the semi-official organ of the Colonial Government, laments the brevity of the news from Madrid and the fact that such dispatches as are published often appear so obscure. Nevertheless, it believes that the dispatch in question does not justify any doubt or alarm "because neither Senor Sagasta and his Liberal colleagues, nor the Conservatives who might succeed him in power would propose any solutions of international questions that were not in agreement with the general feeling of the people of Spain and Cuba."

El Pais suggests that the meeting of the Spanish Chambers in August is probably intended to procure legislative sanction to negotiations by the executive for money for war necessities. This conjecture, El Pais says, agrees with the report from London as to the payments due on the Spanish foreign debt.

The autonomists, despite all the favorite assurances given them, are very much dissatisfied with the outlook, as appears from an editorial in yesterday's El Pais. They realize that their twenty years of work and sacrifice for their ideals are all but useless and that they will never enjoy the fruits of their labors, seeing that what they have done is likely to redound only to the benefit of the United States.

There is a new and radical change noticeable among the producing element, especially the plantation owners and merchants who have their interests in close touch with the United States. For them the only solution of the problem which will save Cuba is annexation. In their opinion there is no other way to prevent Cuba coming to a state of complete anarchy, because independence would never be a guarantee of true peace, but merely a source of future selfish ambition, social discords and political perturbation and conflicts.

HAY AND GRAIN FOR THE ARMY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 19.—A St. Louis firm has secured the largest contract for hay ever let by the United States. The contract calls for 9,000,000 pounds of hay for the army, to be delivered at Chickamauga. Between 450 and 500 cars will be required to transport it. The contract for furnishing oats to the army was awarded to a Cincinnati firm; straw to an Evansville, Ind., firm, and bran to a Chattanooga firm.

THE YOSEMITE AT KEY WEST.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., July 19.—The American auxiliary cruiser Yosemite has sailed for Key West. The Danish Government refused to allow her to tow out the steamer Southard, whose cargo of coal, it is claimed, was purchased prior to the declaration of war between Spain and the United States, and is therefore not subject to the neutrality laws.

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GEN. SHAFTER'S ARMY TO BE PAID IN COIN.

Our Money is to Be the Standard in Cuba.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 19.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: The auxiliary cruiser Resolute will sail from New York with $750,000 on board to pay the American troops at Santiago. This is the amount due General Shafter's army for June. Major I. Sniffin is to have charge of the payment. All the money taken is to be in coin. The coin ranges in denomination from $5 in gold to copper pennies.

"The taking of the Santiago army's pay all in coin," said Major Fishback, one of Major Sniffin's assistants, "is an idea of Paymaster-General Stanton. The purpose is to introduce the American coin in Cuba. General Stanton was of the impression that it would be an excellent idea to drive out the Spanish depreciated currency at the same time that the Spanish soldiers are driven out.

"With a stable currency on the island, the plan to establish a stable government would be greatly facilitated. The time to begin, he contended, was at the beginning. The force of his argument was appreciated by the Administration and he was given his way.

"The scheme is to put out of circulation altogether in Santiago Province the Spanish money, both coin and paper. By the introduction of American coin into Santiago province, General Stanton believes that our money can at once be made the standard of value.

"In order to effectively carry out this plan, each soldier will be instructed as he is paid, to buy from no tradesman in Santiago who cannot give him his change in American money. The difference in the money value of the money of his own country and the money of Spain will be explained to him and he will be asked to accept nothing but American money.

"The pay officers of the Government will pursue this plan of General Stanton's wherever the American arms are successful on this side of the ocean."

SANTIAGO IRON AND STEEL TRADE.

A Valuable Commerce Has Been Cut Off By the War.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Santiago de Cuba under the American flag means the immediate resumption and large increase in the future of the iron and steel trade with that section of the island, says the Baltimore correspondent of the Tribune. The stock of the Juragua and the Ponceno Mining Companies is largely held in Baltimore. Most of the Bessemer ore which is mined at Santiago has been coming to this city. Until the supply was shut off the works of the Maryland Company required the Cuban ores, because of their value in making steel and of their cheapness.

While the mines were in operation from three to four cargoes of ore came to Baltimore each week, and the monthly importations ran from 30,000 to 40,000 tons. While most of this was consumed at the works of the Maryland Steel Company, some of it was sent to Pittsburg and used at the Carnegie Steel Works. As a return cargo the vessels bringing the ore carried out bacon, lard, flour, and coal, and on account of the frequent shipments formerly made, the business has missed, since the war stopped it, all commercial relations with Santiago.

When the Spanish officers stopped the work in the mines they cut off the opportunities of thousands to earn a livelihood and heightened the distress resulting from the war. Iron men and shippers here say that if the people are now permitted by the American Government to return to their work, such a policy will do more toward relieving the suffering Cubans than any other step on the part of this country.

A general resumption of work on the plantations, the railroads and in the mines would simplify the problem of taking care of territory which is now under the American flag. The superintendents of several of the iron companies are now on their way to Santiago to resume operations.

IMMUNE NURSES FOR SANTIAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 19.—A meeting of the Red Cross Relief Committee was held at the office of William T. Wardwell, Chairman of the Executive Committee, to consider the yellow fever emergency at Santiago. Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and Mrs. Cowdin reported, after an interview with Surgeon General Sternberg, that the Government would accept any immune nurses whose services could be secured, and that some of these nurses could go to Santiago on the Government transport Resolute. It was decided to send Dr. Carpenter, one of the attending surgeons of the Red Cross Hospital, at once to New Orleans and Memphis to establish a bureau for the supply of immune nurses, it being thought that such nurses could be more readily obtained in localities where yellow fever has prevailed. In the meantime an effort will be made to secure immune nurses in this city.

Ex-Queen Lil Coming.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Ex-Queen Liliuokalani left this city last night for San Francisco, to sail for Honolulu. She was accompanied by two members of her staff.

PRIZE CREWS HAVE A STORMY EXPEDITION.

Spanish Bullets and Fierce Gales Are Encountered.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

KEY WEST, July 19.—The schooner Three Bells and the sloop Pilgrim, captured by the gunboat Dixie near Manzanillo on July 6th, have arrived here under prize crews consisting of Lieutenant S. M. Blount and Gunner's Mate J. K. Hatton, with four marines each. Marryat never imagined a more grotesque tale of marine misadventure than was experienced by these men in bringing their spoils to port.

Both prizes were under the British flag, bound from Kingston, Jamaica, for Manzanillo, with food supplies. On the Three Bells was Captain E. J. Harding, an Englishman, and a crew of five white men and three Jamaica negroes. The Pilgrim carried a Dutch captain and four seamen of the same class.

The captures were effected without difficulty, and Blount and Hatton, neither of whom had ever been at Key West, began the journey there. Captain Harding was much depressed over the capture and drank heavily until Lieutenant Blount stopped his liquor.

On the evening of July 9th, when about six miles south of Key Romano, Captain Harding suddenly leaped overboard. The Pilgrim put out a small boat and caught him, but he struggled desperately and capsized the boat. One of the marines held him up on the overturned boat and he was taken on board the Pilgrim, but he was dead when they reached the deck. He was buried at sea. This dismal duty was hardly completed when they sighted two small schooners near Key Romano. The prizes were evidently recognized by the strangers as expected blockade runners from Jamaica, for one of the schooners put out a small boat to pilot them in. As it approached, Lieutenant Blount was running up an American flag to the forepeak, but he had some difficulty in breaking it out, so that the small boat was within ten yards of the schooner before the two men who were aboard it were aware that they were running near to the enemy. Both occupants of the boat plunged into the sea. Whether or not they reached shore is an open question.

Lieutenant Blount and his men went on and captured the nearest schooner, which proved to be the Concepcion. The other ran off into shoal water and escaped. The Concepcion was well loaded with fish, wine and other provisions.

They took her in tow and then began a chapter of misfortunes. Violent tropical squalls burst upon them the same day and continued almost incessantly until last night. They had no charts aboard, and only a map of the world, torn from a twenty-five cent guide book, to help them as they floundered about in the seas—three little vessels, none much bigger than a cat-boat.

In the course of the day the wind and waves had played havoc with the Concepcion, and they sent her adrift. The little boats staggered along until Wednesday morning, when a storm of unusual violence fell upon them off Cape Antonio.

Unable to make any progress, and expecting almost momentarily to founder, they lay there all day. Late in the afternoon as they bumped helplessly about the sea, a body of Spanish riflemen on shore opened fire. The only arms on the two prize vessels were the weapons of the marines, nine revolvers, so no attempt was made to return the fire. Just before nightfall fifteen of the Spanish riflemen pushed off in a small boat towards the Three Bells and drew as close at 300 or 400 yards, pouring a vicious fire at the schooner's men.

The bullets whistled all around, riddling the sails and some going clear through the schooner and sloop. One bullet passed through the cabin, within two feet of Lieutenant Blount.

There was a little negro boy at the wheel of the Three Bells, but in spite of the flying rifle balls, he never deserted his post. In fact, all the negroes showed spirit and sided with the Americans. Fortunately for the storm-bound men, night drove the Spaniards back to the shore, and early the next morning the wind changed and carried the two prizes on.

They sailed on, when, as a final blow, their water gave out. Off Rebecca shoal, a schooner flying the American flag, gave the prize crews a barrel of water, some tobacco and a chart and set them straight on their course and, weary and weather-worn, they drew into Key West harbor, after the worst fortnight any of the crews had ever experienced.

VOLUNTEER SIGNAL CORPS.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The seventeen companies of the Volunteer Signal Corps have now been recruited to their full strength. Each company consists of sixty-three persons, including officers and men, and a company is to be assigned to each division of the army.

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